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THE IREDELL EXPRESS.

A Family Newspaper---Devoted to Politics, Agriculture, Manufactures, Commerce, and Miscellaneous Reading.

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TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One Dollar a square for the first week, and Twenty-five Cents for every week thereafter Sixteen lines or less will make a square.—Deductions made in favor of standing matter as follows:

	3 MOS.	6 MOS.	1 YEAR.
One square,	$3.50	$5.50	$8.00
Two squares,	7.00	10.00	14.00
Three squares,	10.00	15.00	20.00

When directions are not given how often to insert an Advertisement, it will be published until ordered out.

Poetry.

For the Iredell Express.

"We will Meet in the Morning."

LUOLA.

"We will meet in the morning,"
A dying child said
To the loved ones who gathered
In grief round her bed:
"We will meet in the morning,
Oh shed not a tear,
The night will soon vanish
The day-star appear."

And the blue eyes closed softly,
To open no more,
Till they opened in gladness
On Eden's blest shore:—
And the tears of the weepers
Were dried e'er they fell,—
With the promise of meeting
Where all would be well.

Oh! in moments of parting
How sweet is the balm,
Faith pours o'er the bosom
Its tumult to calm,—
The hope of a morning
Whose sun never sets,
In a land never shadowed
By sighs or regrets.

From the Memphis Appeal.

Fairies All the Time.

Some ask where the fairies hide themselves
When winter's snows are spread,
When smiling flowers droop and die,
And woodland's leaves are dead.

When crystal rills are still and hushed,
Beneath their icy bands;
When the murmur of their rippling voice
Is lost beneath the sands;

When gentle breezes kiss the waves
Above each coral cell,
They do not whisper, to us here,
That there's where fairies dwell.

They do not dwell in woodland wilds,
Nor in the flowery dells,
Nor in the moon's soft dancing beams,
Or old enchanted wells.

Not in Vesuvius' glaring depths
Are fairies to be found;
On dizzy cliffs, towering aloof,
Or caverns under ground.

We find them in the silv'ry laugh,
Soft floating on the air;
We find them in the music voice—
We find them everywhere.

Where gentle woman's step is heard,
As soft as vesper sighs,
We find them, brighter than the sun,
Reflecting from her eyes.

MEMPHIS, Tenn, January, 1860.

Superfi.	2 87½@3 00	Peach	1 00 @1 50
Fine	2 25 @3 00	Sugars,	
Grain,		N. Orl.	0 10 @0 12½
Wheat	1 25 @1 30	Loaf	0 14 @0 15
Corn	0 90 @0 92		

Salisbury Market—Feb. 14 1859.

Apples,		Molasses,	
Dried	0 50 @1 00	Cuba	0 34 @0 45
Bacon	0 11½@0 12½	N. Orl.	0 55 @0 65
Beeswax	0 20 @0 25	Musco.	0 45 @0 50
Candles,		Nails cut	0 05½@0 06
Adamantine	0 25 @0 30	Oats	0 40 @0 50
Coffee,		Oils,	
Rio	0 12½@0 14	Tanners	0 50 @0 00
Java	0 17 @0 22½	Rags, lb	0 2½
Cotton	0 10 @0 11	Salt, sck.	2 00 @2 10
Corn	0 81 @0 85	Sugar,	
" Meal	0 75 @0 80	Brown	0 08 @0 10
	0 30 @0 35	Crush	0 12 @0 —
		Clar.	0 1[illegible]

Miscellaneous.

Did Gen. Jackson use cotton bales to defend the American lines at the battle of New Orleans? This is announced by the Delta in giving an account of an incident with which the name of the late Gen. Plauche was connected, and which, having been made the text of one of the most invincible errors that has ever crept into history, is a striking illustration of the difficulty of arresting a false statement which happens to interest the fancy of mankind. Nothing was ever more transparently absurd than the idea which is embodied in nearly all the histories, poems, and pictures relating to the battle of New Orleans, than the assertion that the mound behind which Jackson's army was entrenched was composed of cotton bales. The Delta says the only basis of this story was the attempt of some young soldiers, in the rivalry which sprang up after they had occupied the line of Rodriguez canal, to increase the height and breadth of the parapet in front of them by throwing in a few cotton bales. Others, too, were used to form the embrasures for the guns. These bales had been thrown out of a flatboat, which had come down to Jackson's camp with flour, pork, and other supplies, and were lying on the levee.—They were a portion of a lot which had been consigned to Major Plauche, and had been sold by him to Vincent Nolte. The speculative efforts of the latter financier no doubt contributed to give form and currency to this story. He set up a preposterous claim for this cotton after the war, and to maintain it set on foot the story of the great service it had rendered. We are pleased to see that in a recently published and highly spirited poetical description of the battle of the 8th of January, by Thomas Dunn English, this vulgar fiction is very effectually disposed of:

No cotton bales before us,
Some fool that story told;
Before us was an earthwork,
Built from the swampy mold.

Major Plauche, by the orders of Gen. Jackson, as soon as it was discovered that a few bales of cotton had been used in making the parapet, and that they greatly endangered the strength of the works, and exposed the ammunition to explosion by the flying particles of burning lint, had the bales taken out and thrown into the river.

[From Washington Irving's Sketch-Book.]

The Wife.

The treasures of the deep are not so precious
As are the concealed comforts of a man
Locked up in woman's love. I scent the air
Of blessings, when I come but near the house.
What a delicious breath marriage sends forth—
The violet bed's not sweeter. *Middleton.*

I have often had occasion to remark the fortitude with which women sustain the most overwhelming reverses of fortune. Those disasters which break down the spirit of a man, and prostrate him in the dust, seem to call forth all the energies of the softer sex, and give such intrepidity and elevation to the character, that at times it approaches to sublimity. Nothing can be more touching than to behold a soft and tender female, who had been all weakness and dependence, and alive to every trivial roughness, while treading the prosperous paths of life, suddenly rising in mental force to be the comforter and support of her husband under misfortune, and abiding, with unshrinking firmness, the bitterest blasts of adversity.

As the vine, which has long twined its graceful foliage about the oak, and has been lifted by it into sunshine, will, when the hardy plant is rifted by the thunderbolt, cling around it with its caressing tendrils, and bind up its shattered boughs; so is it beautifully ordered by Providence, that woman, who is the mere dependent and ornament of man in his happier hours, should be his stay and solace when smitten with sudden calamity; winding herself into the rugged recesses of his nature, tenderly supporting the drooping head, and binding up the broken heart.

I was once congratulating a friend, who had around him a blooming family, knit together in the strongest affection. 'I can wish you no better lot,' said he, with enthusiasm, 'than to have a wife and children. If you are prosperous, they are to share your prosperity; if otherwise, they are to comfort you.' And, indeed, I have observed that a married man falling into misfortune is more apt to retrieve his situation in the world than a single one; partly because he is more stimulated to exertion by the necessities of the helpless and beloved beings who depend on him for subsistence; but chiefly because his spirits are soothed and relieved by domestic endearments, and his self-respect kept alive by finding, that though all abroad is darkness and humiliation, yet there is still a little world of love at home, of which he is the monarch. Whereas a single man is apt to run to waste and self-neglect; to fancy himself lonely and abandoned, and his heart to fall to ruin like some deserted mansion, for want of an inhabitant.

These observations call to mind a little domestic story, of which I was once a witness. My intimate friend, Leslie, had married a beautiful and accomplished girl, who had been brought up in the midst of fashionable life.—She had, it is true, no fortune, but that of my friend was ample; and he delighted in the anticipation of indulging her in every elegant pursuit, and administering to those delicate tastes and fancies that spread a kind of witchery about the sex.

'Her life,' said he, 'shall be like a fairy tale.'

The very difference in their characters produced an harmonious combination: he was of a romantic and somewhat serious cast; she was all life and gladness. I have often noticed the mute rapture with which he would gaze upon her in company, of which her sprightly powers made her the delight; and how, in the midst of applause, her eye would still turn to him, as if there alone she sought favor and acceptance. When leaning on his arm, her slender form contrasted finely with his tall, manly person. The fond, confiding air with which she looked up to him seemed to call forth a flush of triumphant pride and cherishing tenderness, as if he doted on his lovely burden for its very helplessness. Never did a couple set forward on the flowery path of early and well-suited marriage with a fairer prospect of felicity.

It was the misfortune of my friend, however, to have embarked his property in large speculations; and he had not been married many months, when, by a sudden succession of disasters it was swept from him, and he found himself reduced almost to penury. For a time he kept his situation to himself, and went about with a haggard countenance, and a breaking heart. His life was but a protracted agony; and what rendered it more insupportable was the necessity of keeping up a smile in the presence of his wife; for he could not bring himself to overwhelm her with the news. She saw, however, with the quick eyes of affection, that all was not well with him. She marked his altered looks and stifled sighs, and was not to be deceived by his sickly and vapid attempts at cheerfulness.—She tasked all her sprightly powers and tender blandishments to win him back to happiness; but she only drove the arrow deeper into his soul. The more he saw cause to love her, the more torturing was the thought that he was soon to make her wretched. A little while, thought he, and the smile will vanish from that cheek—the song will die away from those lips—the lustre of those eyes will be quenched with sorrow; and the happy heart, which now beats lightly in that bosom, will be weighed down like mine, by the cares and miseries of the world.

At length he came to me one day, and related his whole situation in a tone of the deepest despair. When I heard him through I inquired, 'Does your wife know all this?' At the question he burst into an agony of tears. 'For God's sake!' cried he, 'if you have any pity on me, don't mention my wife; it is the thought of her that drives me almost to madness!'

'And why not?' said I. 'She must know it sooner or later; you cannot keep it long from her, and the intelligence may break in upon her in a more startling manner, than if imparted by yourself; for the accents of those we love soften the harshest tidings. Besides, you are depriving yourself of the comforts of her sympathy; and not merely that, but also endangering the only bond that can keep hearts together—an unreserved community of thought and feeling. She will soon perceive that something is secretly preying upon your mind; and true love will not brook reserve; it feels undervalued and outraged, when even the sorrows of those it loves are concealed from it.'

'Oh, but my friend! to think what a blow I am to give to all her future prospects—how I am to strike her very soul to the earth, by telling her that her husband is a beggar! that she is to forego all the elegancies of life—all the pleasures of society—to shrink with me into indigence and obscurity! To tell her that I have dragged her down from the sphere in which she might have continued to move in constant brightness—the light of every eye—the admiration of every heart! How can she bear poverty? she has been brought up in all the refinements of opulence. How can she bear neglect? she has been the idol of society. Oh! it will break my heart—it will break my heart!

I saw his grief was eloquent, and I let it have its flow; for sorrow relieves itself by words. When his paroxysm had subsided, and he had relapsed into moody silence, I resumed the subject gently, and urged him to break his situation at once to his wife. He shook his head mournfully, but positively.

'But how are you to keep it from her? It is necessary she should know it, that you may take the steps proper to the alteration of your circumstances. You must change your style of living—nay,' observing a pang to pass across his countenance, 'don't let that afflict you. I am sure you have never placed your happiness in outward show—you have yet friends, warm friends, who will not think the worse of you for being less splendidly lodged; and surely it does not require a palace to be happy with Mary ——.'

'I could be happy with her,' cried he, convulsively, 'in a hovel! I could go down with her into poverty and the dust! I could—God bless her—God bless her!' cried he, bursting into a transport of grief and tenderness.

'And believe me, my friend,' said I, stepping up, and grasping him warmly by the hand, 'believe me, she can be the same with you. Ay, more: it will be a source of pride and triumph to her—it will call forth all the latent energies and fervent sympathies of her nature; for she will rejoice to prove that she loves you for yourself. There is in every true woman's heart a spark of heavenly fire, which lies dormant in the broad daylight of prosperity; but which kindles up, and beams and blazes in the dark hour of adversity. No man knows what the wife of his bosom is—no man knows what a ministering angel she is—until he has gone with her through the fiery trials of this world.'

There was something in the earnestness of my manner, and the figurative style of my language, that caught the excited imagination of Leslie. I knew the auditor I had to deal with; and, following up the impression I had made, I finished by persuading him to go home and unburden his sad heart to his wife.

I must confess, notwithstanding all I had said, I felt some little solicitude for the result. Who can calculate on the fortitude of one whose life has been a round of pleasures? Her gay spirits might revolt at the dark, downward path of low humility suddenly pointed out before her, and might cling to the sunny regions in which they had hitherto revelled. Besides, ruin in fashionable life is accompanied by so many galling mortifications, to which in other ranks it is a stranger. In short, I could not meet Leslie the next morning without trepidation. He had made the disclosure.

'And how did she bear it?'

'Like an angel! It seemed rather to be a relief to her mind, for she threw her arms round my neck and asked if this was all that had lately made me unhappy. But, poor girl,' added he, 'she cannot realize the change we must undergo. She has no idea of poverty but in the abstract; she has only read of it in poetry, where it is allied to love. She feels as yet no privation; she suffers no loss of accustomed conveniencies nor elegancies. When we come practically to experience its sordid cares, its paltry wants, its petty humiliations—then will be the real trial.'

'But,' said I, 'now that you have got over the severest task, that of breaking it to her, the sooner you let the world into the secret the better.—The disclosure may be mortifying; but then it is a single misery, and soon over; whereas you otherwise suffer it, in anticipation, every hour in the day.—It is not poverty as much as pretence, that harasses a ruined man—the struggle between a proud mind and an empty purse—the keeping up a hollow show that must soon come to an end. Have the courage to appear poor and you disarm poverty of its sharpest sting.' On this point I found Leslie perfectly prepared. He had no false pride himself, and as to his wife, she was only anxious to conform to their altered fortunes.

Some days afterward he called upon me in the evening. He had disposed of his dwelling-house, and taken a small cottage in the country, a few miles from town. He had been busied all day in sending out furniture. The new establishment required few articles, and those of the simplest kind. All the furniture of his late residence had been sold, excepting his wife's harp. That, he said, was too closely associated with the idea of herself; it belonged to the little story of their loves; for some of the sweetest moments of their courtship were those when he had leaned over that instrument, and listened to the melting tones of her voice. I could not but smile at this instance of romantic gallantry in a doting husband.

He was now going out to the cottage, where his wife had been all day superintending its arrangement. My feelings had become strongly interested in the progress of this family story, and, as it was a fine evening, I offered to accompany him.

He was wearied with the fatigues of the day, and, as he walked out, fell into a fit of gloomy musing.

'Poor Mary!' at length broke, with a heavy sigh, from his lips.

'And what of her?' asked I: 'has anything happened to her?'

'What,' said he, darting an impatient glance, 'is it nothing to be reduced to this paltry situation—to be caged in a miserable cottage—to be obliged to toil almost in the menial concerns of her wretched habitation?'

'Has she then repined at the change?'

'Repined! she has been nothing but sweetness and good humor. Indeed, she seems in better spirits than I have ever known her; she has been to me all love and tenderness, and comfort!'

'Admirable girl!' exclaimed I. 'You call yourself poor, my friend; you never were so rich—you never knew the boundless treasures of excellence you possess in that woman.'

'Oh! but my friend, if this first meeting at the cottage were over, I think I could then be comfortable.—But this is her first day of real experience; she has been introduced into an humble dwelling—she has been employed all day in arranging its miserable equipments—she has, for the first time, known the fatigues of domestic employment—she has, for the first time, looked round her on a home destitute of everything elegant—almost of everything conveniet; and may be sitting down, exhausted and spiritless, brooding over a prospect of future poverty.'

There was a degree of probability in this picture that I could not gainsay, so we walked on in silence.

After turning from the main road up a narrow lane, so thickly shaded with forest trees as to give it a complete air of seclusion, we came in sight of the cottage. It was humble enough in its appearance for the pastoral poet; and yet it had a pleasing rural look. A wild vine had overrun one end with a profusion of foliage; a few trees threw their branches gracefully over it; and I observed several pots of flowers tastefully disposed about the door, and on the grass-plot in front. A small wicket gate opened upon a footpath that wound through some shrubbery to the door. Just as we approached, we heard the sound of music—Leslie grasped my arm; we paused and listened. It was Mary's voice singing, in a style of the most touching simplicity, a little air of which her husband was peculiarly fond.

I felt Leslie's hand tremble on my arm. He stepped forward to hear more distinctly. His step made a noise on the gravel walk. A bright beautiful face glanced out at the window and vanished—a light footstep was heard—and Mary came tripping forth to meet us: she was in a pretty rural dress of white; a few wild flowers were twisted in her fine hair; a fresh bloom was on her cheek; her whole countenance beamed with smiles—I had never seen her look so lovely.

"My dear George,' cried she, I am so glad you are come! I have been watching and watching for you; and running down the lane and looking out for you. I've set out a table under a beautiful tree behind the cottage; and I've been gathering some of the most delicious strawberries, for I know you are fond of them—and we have such excellent cream—and everything is so sweet and still here—Oh!" said she, putting her arm within his, and looking up brightly in his face, "Oh, we shall be so happy!"

Poor Leslie was overcome. He caught her to his bosom—he folded his arms round her—he kissed her again and again—he could not speak, but the tears gushed into his eyes; and he has often assured me, that though the world has since gone prosperously with him, and his life has, indeed, been a happy one, yet never has he experienced a moment of more exquisite felicity.

An exchange says that 'in the absence of both editors, the publisher had succeeded in securing the services of a gentleman to edit the paper that week.'

The Politician's Wife.

BY LAURA LINCOLN.

'Well, wife, our Representive to Congress is elected at last. Pretty tough work, though, we've had during the canvass. I always prophesied that Henry Faulkner was destined to make his mark in the world. I noted him down from the first as a rising man.'

Thus spoke James Glover, on entering his wife's sitting room one sultry August afternoon.

'How proud his wife must be of him,' returned Mrs. Glover. 'When they married five years ago he had nothing but his profession, and now, by industry and perseverance, he is in comfortable circumstances, and member of Congress elect.'

'Yes, he is not yet thirty, and there is no office to which he may not aspire, for his talents are unquestioned. Doubtless Mrs. Faulkner thinks that she has drawn a high prize in the matrimonial lottery.'

'I will go over and see Amelia this evening,' said Mrs. Glover, 'and congratulate her upon her husband's success.'

Mrs. Glover did so, and was surprised to see Mrs. Faulkner, instead of looking joyous and animated as she expected, wearing an anxious and troubled expression. Her reply to her friend's warmly proffered good wishes was:

'Ah! Mary, 'all is not gold that glitters,' and I would gladly exchange places with you.'

Mrs. Glover told her husband what Mrs. Faulkner had said, at the same time remarking:

'I am afraid that Amelia is growing selfish and capricious. What more can a woman desire than she has?—Two lovely children, and a handsome, talented husband, who is devoted to her. She thinks that, in becoming a politician, the demand upon her husband's time and attention will be too great. But then she should make some sacrifice for her country's good.'

Mrs. Glover took upon herself to judge of her friend's motives of action, unknowing all the circumstances, and forgetting the divine precept, 'Judge not, lest ye be judged.'

But let us, who are privileged, look behind the scenes, and see how nearly correct the lady's surmises were.

A few hours previous to Mrs. Glover's visit, Henry Faulkner had come home, and accosted his wife with:

'Well, Amelia, this tiresome canvass is over at last and I am the successful candidate. Are you not glad, my dear?' and stooping he pressed a kiss upon her lips.

Amelia made no reply, for her heart was too heavy for words. In the beautiful hazle eye which encountered hers, she saw the fixed, glassy expression which she had learned to dread. This, with the strong fumes of ardent spirits, which she caught with his breath, assured her that Henry Faulkner 'had been drinking.' At the time that Mrs. Glover called, he was thrown upon his bed, sleeping off the effects of his potations. His slumber was profound, and lasted until the tea bell sounded for tea.

After he had partaken of that meal, he pushed back his chair from the table, and said to his wife:

'Amelia, I have been invited to attend a party to-night, gotten up by some gentlemen friends in honor of my election.'

'Oh! Henry, do not go,' exclaimed his wife. 'You have been away so much of late—stay with me to-night.'

'I would much prefer doing so, my dear,' returned her husband, 'but as this is done solely for my benefit, it would look strange, to say the least of it, for me to be absent. And, besides, I have promised to be there, and you would not have me break my word. I will be home early, so *au revoir*.' and he took his hat and left the house.

She sank into her seat, as the door closed behind the form of her husband, and burst into a passion of tears. She aroused herself, however, ere long, and proceeded to undress and put her children to bed. Then kneeling beside their little cots, she prayed long and fervently that this bitter cup might pass from her, but if He so ordained that she its bitter dregs should drain, His holy will, not her's be done.

When Henry Faulkner, then a poor, but energetic young lawyer, had offered his hand and heart five years agone, she had joyfully accepted them, deeming no poverty or privation hard, so that they were shared with him. In all these years he had been a tender and affectionate husband, and Amelia felt herself extremely blest. At times she fancied that she detected the smell of liquor in his breath, and wondered at his fits of sudden liveliness, which sometimes bordered upon the undignified.

When he informed her that his party had honored him by nominating him as Representative to Congress, her heart foreboded evil, for she knew how pregnant with harm was the life of a politician. For two months previous to the election, she had seen but little of him, and that little was by no means satisfactory. For days at a time he would be absent, canvassing the district, and when he returned, he would allege fatigue as an excuse for sleeping long and soundly. But the keen eye of affection was not thus easily deceived, and Amelia perceived that her husband was fast yielding himself a slave to the fatal habit of strong drink. Tearfully and earnestly did she remonstrate with him. His only reply was:

'Oh, pshaw, Amelia, you don't know anything about it. I am obliged to *treat* the people, in order to get their votes. Only wait until this election is over, and I will be as sober and steady as you can wish.'

And with this the poor wife was compelled to be satified, hoping that her fears had exagerated the danger, and that all would yet turn out well. She looked forward with impatience to the 'ides of March'—the first Monday in August. And now she saw that her husband, once launched upon the ocean of public life, would no longer consider himself as belonging to his family, but to his country.

The result transcended her worst fears. He was brought home that night by some of his companions, in a state of complete intoxication.

Year after year rolled on, and the noble, high-minded Henry Faulkner had 'fallen from his high estate.' Not in the public estimation, though, for other offices of distinction had been bestowed upon him, and the newspapers, far and wide, rang with praises of his superior talent and eloquence. The fatal stimulant had become habitual to him, but familiarity had deadened its effect, and it was seldom that he allowed himself to be overcome by it. But the heart-broken wife at home, whose household gods had been rudely thrown down, *she* felt the change from the tender, chivalrous husband of old, to the cold, coarse, moody, tyrannical mate of later years.

The above *is no fiction*, but the 'o'er true' story of a young man, whose love of drink originated in the custom of political treating; grew and became confirmed by it, and ended finally in the blighting of his family's happiness, and the ruin of his own character.

When will such things have an end? Never, we fear, till the ruin of our country's liberties, to which they rapidly tend, shall be accomplished!

An Alleged Forger Captured—A Rival of Monroe Edwards.

A man known as Colonel Cross, said to belong to the South, was brought to Philadelphia on Monday from Pittsburg, on a bench warrant, to answer one or more bills of indictment, in which he is charged with forging bank checks. The Ledger says:

'The accused is implicated in forgeries perpetrated in most of the cities from New Orleans to Boston, by which large sums were obtained from banking institutions. Genuine checks, from which the forgeries were made, were, it is said, obtained by purchasing, after bank hours, a small bill, and presenting a fifty or a hundred dollar bank note in payment, with the remark that if it was not convenient to give the change, a check for the balance would do. Several forged checks for large amounts were paid at the counters of Philadelphia Banks, among them the Philadelphia, Farmers and Mechanics', Manufacturers and Mechanics', Consolidation, and Northern Liberties. The amount obtained in this city reached about ten thousand dollars. It is understood that the indictments against Cross were founded upon the disclosures made by Adolph Bishop now under conviction here. The accused has the reputation of being one of the most skillful penmen in the country, and the checks he is charged with forging were so well executed that their character was not discovered until the perpetrator had fled.

The Pittsburg Chronicle gives the following account of his career in that city:

'He left Philadelphia some time ago, and learning on Saturday that he was stopped in this city, officers Wood and Schlemm were ordered hither with a warrant for his arrest. Arriving in the city, they waited on the mayor, and after informing him of the nature of their business, he promised them any assistance they might require in the accomplishment of their object. Officer Riddle was instructed to find out where the fugitive stopped, and was not long in tracing him to one of our principal hotels, where, with his mistress, and a negro, purchased some time ago, at an expense of $2,000, he was leading a life of ease and luxury. Riddle, after learning all he cared to know, hurried back to the office, and informing the detectives that he had discovered the whereabouts of their man, it was at once resolved to make the arrest. Visiting the hotel, they found the negro and the lady in their room, apparently the happiest couple in the world. Both were placed under arrest, and the gentleman himself making his appearance some time after, he too was taken into custody. The parties, it would appear, came to the city on the 2d of the present month, and have been stopping here since.—Cross, the principal, is a heavy-built man, with huge black whiskers, and an appearance of undoubted respectability. He dressed elegantly, and was, altogether, as fine a specimen of a solid, well-to-do gentleman as you could pick up anywhere.

The negro, whose name was Robert Burnell alias Smith, was nearly white, and, like his master, dressed in the very pink of fashion. So little of African blood has he in his veins that he was regarded as a white man at the hotel, and it was only after his arrest that the proprietor discovered that the individual on whom he had been lavishing such attentions for the past two weeks was neither more nor less than a slave. His master treated him at all times as his equal. They visited the restaurants in company, playing billiards together, and associated at all times on terms of perfect equality.

The lady was by all odds the most interesting of the three. Young and beautiful, she dressed in a style of magnificence that rendered her an object of general attention on the streets, and made her the cynosure of every eye. Her crinoline was more expansive, her cloak of a newer cut, and her dress of richer material than the most fashionable of our city belles, and wherever she appeared she became the subject of the most unqualified admiration. She took her arrest very coolly, declaring, with a woman's devotion, that she cared not for herself in the matter, but for him whose happiness was the nearest and dearest wish of her heart. Her name is given as Catharine Cross, and it is believed that she hails from the South. She is a most intelligent and interesting woman, and it is a pity that her destinies should be linked with those of a man charged with the crimes imputed to her protector.

Notwithstanding the number of forgeries attrirbted to Cross, but very little money was found with him when arrested, and nothing that would tend to implicate him in the offenses laid to his charge. He had but $50 altogether, and part of that went to pay his bill at the hotel.

Contrast Between the Celestials and Common Mortals.

One of the missionaries in China shows up the following 'they's' and 'we's'.

'The Chinese parents select the wives for their sons, and decide whom their daughters shall marry. Their badge of mourning is white, and their funeral cards are written with blue ink. They vote for the dead by proxy, and select a burying place for the departed by the aid of one who makes that his profession. We read horizontally; they perpendicularly. We read from left to right; they from right to left. We uncover the head as a mark of respect; they put on their caps. We blackball our boots; they whitewash theirs. We compress the waist; they the feet. We give the place of honor on the right; they on the left. We speak of North-West; they of West-North. We say the needle of the compass points North; they to the South. We shake the hand of a friend in salutation; they shake their own. We locate the understanding in the brain; they in the belly. Our officials designate their office or rank by a star on the breast or epaulets on their shoulders; they by a button on the apex of their caps. We page our books at the top; they on the margin. We print on both sides of the leaf; they upon one. We place our foot-notes at the bottom of the page. We mark the title of a book on the back of the binding; they on the margin of the leaf. In our libraries we set our volumes up; they lay their's down. We keep our wives in the parlor; they keep theirs in the kitchen. We put our daughters to school; they put theirs to service.—We propel our canal boats by horses and steam; they pull theirs by men. We take our produce to market by Railroad; they take theirs on men's shoulders. We saw lumber, and grind flour by steam and water power; they do it by human muscle. We turn a thousand spindles and fly a hundred shuttles without a single hand to propel it; they employ a hand for each. We print by power-press and metal type; they on wood blocks, with a hand-brush. We worship God; they offer incense to the devil.

Food for the Horse.

A correspondent of the American Stock Journal says that oats and corn in equal parts, ground, are considered the best food for horses in this country. Rye, in proportion of one-third, ground with oats and corn is economical. There is no grain known which contains so much nutriment, chemically, to sustain the animal frame, as the three kinds above named. So far as economy is concerned, much depends on the relative value of the grains used; but generally oats and corn have an intrinsic value over other grain of from 20 to 25 per cent. equal weight. Corn meal and mill feed is fed to horses with good results, by keepers of stage and livery horses with hay and straw cut fine, wet and well mixed before feeding. Carrots and other roots fed in moderate quantities are good, and conduce much to the health of horses that are worked every day. Bran should never be fed to a horse except in the form of a mash. If given dry, it becomes impacted in the intestines and forms a stoppage to the passage of the ingestae. If a horse has been without food for a longer time than is usual between feeding, the vital powers are exhausted, having digested the food in

the stomach. If food is placed before him it is swallowed with avidity; it enters the stomach not sufficiently insalivated or masticated, rendering it impossible for the gastric juices to act upon it, and in such cases it is with difficulty that an action can be set up in the stomach necessary for a proper digestion; hence many valuable horses are lost by colic, through injudicious feeding with dry feed. The London Omnibus Company keep some 6,000 horses. In order to economize feed they tried the experiment of feeding 3,000 horses on bruised oats, cut hay and straw. The other 3,000 were fed in the usual way on uncut hay and straw and whole oats, the horses doing their own grinding and cutting.—The allowance on the first system was, bruised oats 16 lbs., cut hay 7½ lbs., cut straw 2½ lbs. The allowance to the second was unbruised oats 19 lbs., uncut hay and straw 13 lbs. The bruised oats, hay and straw, amounted to 26 lbs., and unbruised oats, hay and straw, to 32 lbs.; horses that had the bruised oats with cut hay and straw consumed 26 lbs. per day, and the result was that they performed as much work and kept in as good condition as the horses that had 32 lbs. per day.

Here is a saving of 6 lbs. per day on the feeding of each horse receiving the ground oats and cut hay and straw. Thus, at 5 cents per day, the company saved the handsome sum of $300 per day by using bruised oats, cut hay and straw on the entire stock of 6,000 head.

North and South—Southern Independence—No. 4.

The South produces nothing to supply her own wants. A moment's reflection will demonstrate this truth. True, the South makes much cotton, and wants but little of it, except as a means of buying what she most wants. One article, she wants habitually, or thinks she does—negroes. These, instead of supplying her wants, seem to multiply them daily. She now supplies herself with bread and meat, also tobacco and rice; but as we have seen, these articles, important as they are, are comparatively small, in the great invoice of her wants, as supplied to her by the North, from products of Northern labor and capital.

The South makes a little osnaburgs and shirting but does not approximate a supply. The amount of cotton goods made at the North may now be estimated at sixty-five million dollars worth. There we go for our supply. So it is with iron, steel, and other metals, and products made of these. Such is the case with the manufacturers of wood, from a shoe-peg, clothes pin, dipper handle or a broomstick, to a steamship. All that might be named, are made and sold to us by the North. Yes, we have the soil, the climate, the timber, the oak, hickory, ash, pine, walnut, maple, cypress and cedar in richest profusion—we have capital and labor, and more water power than they have, and yet they take our raw material there, and, combining their labor and capital on it, double its cost, and return it to us, charging us to their labor, interest on their capital and freight, and charges back and forth. This they do, being all the time employed, whilst we are content to pay for and use the articles, standing idle or gazing at the wonders of the North, quieted by the flattery they plaster on, by telling us what a great matter cotton is.

What is true of the manufacture of wood, is also true concerning those of wool, of leather, and other material. The sagacity of the North has ferretted out our every want, in every department of life. It has stimulated and created them where they did not exist, to create a demand for their labor, where was none.

Northern enterprise and industry have supplied all our wants, real and imaginary, actual and acquired. Those which are prompted by our necessities, as well as those which are suggested and spring by the cunning of the North.

The wise statesmanship of the North, over-riding law and justice, compels us to buy of them what they have to sell, pricing the articles sold to suit themselves.

The South has the politicians. These by sufference, are permitted to feed on 'five loaves and two little fishes,' as chance may give them a bite. With these the politicians are content. This they are permitted to do, since it is known by the North that the 'loaves and fishes' are paid for by the South. To make us all more abundantly satisfied they laud our cotton and tell us *how great it makes us*. They know that all our cotton *used* by them, is as one to fifteen compared to what they produce—that our whole crop of cotton, is as one to four, compared to what they make. They know, too, that they cease not their products, until they thereby pay for and control the cotton.

They have the purpose to dare, and the will to execute. We have the fire and the chivalry. They have the power of legislation, the army and navy, the purse, the sword and the *Union*.

We have the climate, the soil, and the negroes to make the cotton, tobacco, and rice. They control these through our wants; whilst they teach us the moral involved in the slave products, advising us that in due time we must yield the *power* to produce our cotton, tobacco, and rice, since they claim to decide where we shall take it, and on what territory we may hold it.

He that hath 'an eye to see' can perceive that we are dependent people, because we have wants that are supplied by others.

The planter who makes a yearly crop of one hundred bales, and pays out the proceeds to supply a family of nonproducers, with articles made by, and bought of another, is dependent on him that supplies him.

The Southern cotton planters, the proprietors of the South, with all its nonproducing consumers, make a nation bearing this relation to the North. It is vain to call ourselves independent. It is a fatal delusion.

'What is the remedy?'

This third and last question we will answer in our next.

Respectfully,

MARK A. COOPER.

Iredell Express.

EUGENE B. DRAKE & SON,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

STATESVILLE,

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1860.

Our Terms.

THE "IREDELL EXPRESS" is published upon the following Terms, from which there will be no deviation. Subscribers therefore will govern themselves accordingly.

1 copy one year, if paid in advance,	$2 00;
If paid within 3 months,	2 25;
If paid within 6 months,	2 50;
If not paid till the end of the subscription year,	3 00.

Notice.

The Whigs and Americans in Iredell county are requested to assemble in the Court House in Statesville, on Saturday, 18th, at 2 o'clock, P. M. for the purpose of appointing delegates to the State Opposition Convention which is to assemble in Raleigh, on the 22d instant to nominate a candidate for Governor, and to transact other business looking to the welfare of the country.

Rail Road Celebration at Newton.

THE PUBLIC GENERALLY are invited to partake of a public DINNER to be furnished in NEWTON, on the 22D INSTANT, in honor of the arrival of the CARS in that place.

D. B. GAITHER,
M. L. MCCORKLE,
O. CAMPBELL,
T. W. BRADBURN,
W. P. RHEINHARDT.

Feb. 10th, 1860.

Patience under Affliction.

The mails that ought to come directly from Salisbury to this place, have arrived at the post office here so irregularly of late, one and two days after due, and then brought by the western train—that we cannot longer refrain from uttering our protest against the abominable bad management known to exist somewhere with those having the custody of the mails. What is the use of a daily mail, and a railroad if, an important mail, which ought to reach us in less than two hours is detained as many days, as it often occurs! By the present schedule of the W. N. C. Railroad the Eastern mail for the West, which arrives at Salisbury at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, is not dispatched in this direction until 8 o'clock next morning—a delay of *sixteen* hours. But this our business community might submit to patiently provided, their letters, etc. were sent and delivered properly, without additional detention. But so often have this occurred that, regularity is hardly looked for—we are more disappointed when we receive our correspondence in the regular time than when we do not. Our whole community suffer in like manner, and complain of the intolerable grievance.

If the cause continues, our citizens should and will apply the needed remedy—petition the Department for *removal* of the derelict officer. If the fault be not with the Post-Master at Salisbury, it will be his duty—no doubt afford him a pleasure to, investigate and apply a correction. When mail-matter is deposited in the right pouches at Salisbury, and they be delivered at Statesville, no mistake can occur.

☞ We have received a polite invitation from Messrs. D. B. Gaither, M. L. McCorkle, O. Campbell and J. C. Cline, Esquires, Committee, to partake of a public Dinner which is to be furnished at NEWTON by the public spirited Citizens of Catawba county, on the 22d instant, "in honor of the arrival of the Cars at that place." We much regret, that the term of our court, which happens in the same week, will very likely deprive us the pleasure of participating with our friends at the festive board on the memorable occasion; but we embrace this opportunity to rejoice with them, that the iron-horse, is daily prancing through their hills and vallies bringing prosperity and gladness to their doors.

Charlotte Bulletin.

This excellent Journal has been placed under the Editorial management of COL. E. H. BRITTON, one of the most gentlemanly, one of the best qualified Editors in the State. The news-columns of the Bulletin are always well filled with the latest foreign and domestic intelligence, Congressional reports, etc.

We wish the COL. the largest success, not only in point of pecuniary reward to be derived from journalism—but the more ageeable, pursuit of enterprize among the ladies.—That, ere long, our amiable and accomplished cotemporary, will form a copartnership with some lovely being whose virtues and graces will be the counterpart of his own, and bestow a wealth of happiness upon two united and trusting hearts.

North Carolina Make of Ladies' Fine Boots, Gaiters, Shoes, and Brogans.

We have had exhibited to us by Mr Jos. W. Stockton, of this place, samples of Ladies' fine Boots, Gaiters, etc., which were manufactured at Thomasville, in this State, that for elegance and finish are altogether equal to the Northern-made article, and much more serviceable, they will wear twice as long. The prices are about equal.—

We also saw in Mr. Stockton's store several other North Carolina Fabrics, among them were plaid and striped cotton Cloths, that were made at a factory in Alamance county, which are really beautiful and quality excellent.

Mr. Stockton expects to deal largely in Southern Fabrics hereafter.

Armstrong, Cator & Co.

We do not hesitate to say that this firm, doing business in Baltimore, and whose advertisement may be found in this issue, are eminently deserving of the patronage and confidence of Southern merchants. We have always heard the firm spoken of in commendable terms by Southern merchants, who go—South, not North—to buy goods; for Baltimore is a Southern city—and there goods are sold as low, no doubt, as they can be obtained in New York.

Death of Capt. Thos. L. Tucker.

We were pained to learn of the death of CAP. THOS. L. TUCKER an old, highly respectable and useful citizen of this county, which sad event happened suddenly on Wednesdy night ot last week, the effect of a disease to which the deceased had long been subject. In the death of Capt. Tucker Iredell has lost a good citizen, and an affectionate family been bereft of a devoted husband and parent.

The British Reviews.

We have received from Messrs. Leonard, Scott & Co., American publishers, "The Westminster Review" for January, also "Blackwood's Magazine" for the same month. The high character which these works sustains on both sides of the water, is a sufficient recommendation to popular favor—Suffice it, that no gentleman's reading may be considered thorough, without an introduction into the pages of the British Reviews. For terms see advertisement on third page.

Whig Meeting next Saturday.

Bear in mind the Whig Meeting that is to be held at the Court-House, next Saturday, at 2 o'clock, p. m.

Dr. J. C. Ayer in a Union Meeting.

Of several conservative and Union speeches that were made at a Union meeting which was held at Lowell, recently, Dr. Ayer made the best. He rebuked the abolition brigands and political charlatans of Massachusetts in terms as severe as deserved. If Dr. Ayer could discover a remedy that would eject Satan from the gizzards of Abolitionists—souls they have not—he would be deserving of a much higher fame than he enjoys for his other excellent "Remedies."

☞ The Salisbury Branch of the Bank of North Carolina, (so we learn from the Watchman,) has gone into operation. It is located in the South-Western end of what has been known as Cowan's Brick Row," now the property of Dr. J. W. Hall—a central and business part of the town. The officers are—

Hon. D. F. CALDWELL, President.
MOSES W. JARVIS, Cashier.
P. A. WILEY, Clerk.
DIRECTORS.—John I. Shaver, Moses L. Holmes, Peter L. Barringer and Robert Murphy.

Simonton House—Change of Propietors.

On reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that the Simonton House which has been kept so admirably by Mrs. Wren, has passed into the hands of MR. A. D. MOORE, a highly popular and enterprizing gentleman of this place, one who will seek to maintain the high reputation which has so merittedly attached to the establishment now in his charge. We are pleased to know that Mr. Moore, by gentlemanly manners, and a good table will, merit, the approbation of his guests.

New Advertisements.

J. Rintels & Co. are opening a stock of New Goods, Groceries, &c. in the store formerly occupied by Reese & Stirewalt.

Wallace & Elias have received an assortment of Saddles and Saddlery.

Jamison, Simonton & Co. offer Salt, Grass Seeds, &c.

J. W. Stockton, offers a Store-house and Dwelling for sale or rent.

Dr. W. H. Wyatt, of Salisbury, has an attractive advertisement in his line.

Clippings from the Press.

On Monday an intense excitement was caused in Anderson, C. W., caused by an assault by negroes upon the family of Mrs Greyean. Four negroes went to the house about twelve o'clock at night and made an attack upon it. Mrs. G. and three men were at home at the time, and they defended themselves; but as they were destitute of fire-arms, the negroes made an entrance and knocked down and beat the inmates in a terrible manner.—The lady was beaten in an inhuman manner, and then subjected to most fiendish indignities. The next day officers started in pursuit of the ruffians and succeeded in arresting them, but before they could be secured they were rescued by an armed mob and set at liberty. This aroused the white citizens, who formed themselves into bands to assist in the punishment of the negroes.

Recent accounts state that the citizens are determined upon arresting the murderous band who committed the outrages, and the negro population are disposed to protect them, and there is consequently great danger of a general disturbance. The whites and blacks in that and the adjoining township are about equally divided in numbers, and, while the latter are villainous, the former are determined to protect themselves from outrage.

The Oregon Sentinel says Miss Cartwright, a young lady of eighteen summers, and daughter of Cartwright who keeps the Calapooen Mountain House, last week shot a fine deer which the hounds had brought to bay near her father's house. She made a dead shot at the antlered prey, the ball having pierced his heart. It is where young ladies generally hit, we are told. This is the third deer that Miss Cartwright has brought to the ground,—enough to establish her reputation as a "dear" killer.

Dr. William Boyd has been convicted of stealing two slaves, and sentenced to fourteen years imprisonment. The deed was committed in Maryland, soon after the Harper's Ferry outbreak. The slaves, were found in a wagon which he was driving about the country, using his peddling business as a cloak for disseminating, abolition documents and running off negroes.

A Washington correspondent of the South Carolinian corrects the prevailing impression, that Pennington, who has been elected, is the individual, whom Mr. Brooks excoriated; Speaker Pennington never having been a member of Congress before, and was previously Governor of New Jersey. He describes him as a "venerable looking old man, about the size and something like Gen. Washington, but thinks him utterly unfit for the duties of his present station, which requires immense tact, quickness and experience none of which has fallen to his lot."

We regret to learn that the Hog Cholera has broken out among the Swine in Charlotte and that it is very fatal. Our Intendant, Maj. Kerr, has lost several valuable hogs by the disease within the past week, and several other citizens of Charlotte and the neighborhood have met with similar misfortunes. It is not safe to use fresh pork under existing circumstances, unless the animal is seen and inspected before it is slaughtered for use. So says the Charlotte Bulletin.

Judge Rowles, of Tennessee, has been appointed Treasurer of the United States, and the appointment will probably be ratified by the Senate to-morrow.

Hon. John S. Appleton, Assistant Secretary of State, declines the Boston collectorship.

Congress will take official action in relation to the inauguration of the Washington Statue on the 22d of February. Many members have signified their readiness to vote a liberal appropriation to that object, and it is in contemplation to invite the New York 6th regiment to be present. The number of visiting military already reported is large. There will probably be a general suspension of business of that day.

One of the best printed, and best edited papers in the country, is the National AMERICAN, of Atlanta, Georgia. We receive it regularly, and always welcome its arrival. The Whigs and Americans of Atlanta, are fortunate in having so zealous and faithful an organ. We trust the proprietors meet with the success commensurate to the ability with which they conduct their paper.

A bill is before the Wisconsin Legislature for the abolition of the Grand Jury system. It has been abolished in whole or in part in nine States of the Union, notwithstanding that the Constitution of the United States expressly provides that no person shall be convicted of an infamous crime except upon indictment by a grand Jury.

General Robert Butler, Assistant Adjutant General to General Jackson at the battle of New Orleans, died at his residence at Lake Jackson, near Tallahassee, Florida, on the afternoon of January 12. Only three of General Jackson's prominent officers at that battle now survive, viz: General William O. Butler, of Kentucky, Major Shotard, of Mississippi, and Col. A. P. Hayne, of So. Ca.

The Savannah Express asserts that during this winter a locomotive builder of Philadelphia, has been to the South, soliciting orders, and has obtained them to the extent of *fifty-six* locomotives for Southern roads. The average cost of a locomotive, is about $9,000; so here is one house, engaging a business of more than $500,000 in one season, while we could have the same work done within our own limits, equally as well. Comment is unnecessary.

A "Farmer's Boy" in Kentucky, advertises for a wife. He says:

He wants to know if she can milk
And make his bread and butter,
And go to meeting without silk,
To make a "show and flutter."

He'd like to know if it would hurt
Her heart to take up stitches;
Or sew the buttons on his shirt,
Or make a pair of breeches.

The Wilmington Herald says: A singular accident occurred in this town on Sunday afternoon last, which came near being a fatal one. It was as follows: A son of Mr. Edward Ward, living near Dry Pond unsuspectingly placed a lighted match near the open bung-hole of an empty fluid barrel when an explosion took place, shattering the barrel, and throwing portions of the same some distance, and one piece went with such force as to displace several boards from the roof of the shed. The boy was knocked down and set on fire, but the flames were extinguished—by rolling him over in the sand—before he received much injury.

It is a remarkable fact that nearly all of the candidates for the Vice Presidency in the Democratic National Convention at Cincinnati, June, 1856, have since paid the debt of nature. Lynn Boyd, of Kentucky; J. C. Dobbin, of North Carolina; Gen. Quitman, of Miss.; Gen. Rusk, of Texas; Aaron V. Brown, of Tenn., were represented as candidates by their respective States, and obtained a large support. They are now all dead! General Quitman got the highest number of votes of any candidate on the first ballot—more even than Mr. Breckinridge, who finally received the nomination. He was nominated by the eloquent and gifted Harris, of Illinois, who is also deceased. What changes time makes in four years.

The Wilmington Herald says: In the Pennsylvania Senate, a few days ago, there was presented a memorial, signed John H. Wheeler, a citizen of North Carolina, praying indemnity, by the passage of an act, for the loss of services and value of his three slaves—one of whom was his body servant—stolen or 'spirited away' by a citizen of Pennsylvania, in July, 1855, while he, the said Wheeler, was in Philadelphia, and on his way through Pennsylvania, westward, for the purpose of embarking to Nicaragua, to which government he had been accredited as minister from that of the United States. The complainant estimates his loss at about five thousand dollars. The citizen of Pennsylvania above alluded to is generally supposed to be Passmore Williamson, whose name figured so conspicuously in the newspapers of Pennsylvania about the period referred to.

The Mississippi Legislature has voted against the introduction of wild Africans into that State for sale, by a *vote of three to one*.—Sensible.

Gov. Milton S. Latham has been elected U. S. Senator from California, to take the place of Broderick.

It is reported that Louis Napoleon has written a second letter to the Pope of a threatening tenor. This is stated on authority in the Liverpool Post, which gives the substance of the epistle, which says that his majesty is willing and anxious to remain the eldest son of the Church, but if his Holiness would oppose the late proposition, let him remember Henry the Eighth.

Harper's Ferry Trials—Stevens found Guilty.

The Jury, in the case of Stevens, rendered a verdict of guilty. The jury was absent about fifteen minutes. Hazlett's trial commences to-day, and on account of the difficulty with a witness, Mr. Sennott refuses to defend Hazlett.

The Statesville Road—Good News.

It will be seen by the annexd which we copy from the Columbia *South Carolinian*, that the citizens of Columbia are called on to vote upon the question of granting aid to the Road now being built between Charlotte and Statesville:

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
COLUMBIA, Feb. 8, 1860.

In accordance with a resolution passed at the last session of Council, I respectfully invite the citizens of Columbia to convene in public meeting at the City Hall, on to-morrow (Thursday) at 7 o'clok, for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of further city subscription to the extension of the Charlotte and South Carolina Railroad.

President Johnson of the Charlotte and South Carolina Railroad, is expected to address the meeting.

ALLEN GREEN, Mayor.

On reference to the proceedings of the annual meeting of the Stockholders in the C. & S. C. Railroad, it will be seen that a subscription to the ammount of $250,000 (by endorsing or exchange of bonds,) has been ordered to be made to the Statesville Road.—This act of the Company is worthy of all praise.—*Charlotte Bulletin.*

Opposition Meeting in Rockingham.

At a meeting of the Opposition of Rockingham County, held in the town of Leakesville, pursuant to public notice, on Saturday, Feb. 14th, 1860—on motion of C Glenn, Jno Moir was called to the Chair and Robt W Ward requested to act as Secretary. Mr. Glenn then moved, after a brief explanation of the objects of the meeting, that a committee, of three be appointed to draft resolutions for the action of the meeting. The Chairman appointed C Glenn, Robt H Ward, Dr A B Johns, Sr. These gentlemen retired, and after a short delay, reported the following preamble and resolutions:

Whereas the Executive Committee of the Opposition Party in North Carolina, have suggested and recommended the assembling of a State Convention of the Party in the city of Raleigh, on the 22d day of this Month, to select a suitable candidate for Governor. Be it therefore

Resolved, That the Chairman of this meeting be instructed to appoint 20 delegates to represent Rockingham county in said Convention.

Resolved, That the thanks of the whole country, are due to the Southern Opposition in Congress, for their persistent and patriotic efforts to Organize the House of Representatives.

Under the first resolution the Chairman appointed the following delegates to the State Convention—C Glenn, John H Dillard, James C Martin, Dr Thos Reynolds, G L Aikin, Dr A B Johns Sr, A L Ward, John D Watkins, Claiborn Watkins, Jas W McDaniel, Daniel E Guewant, James Wright, T W Patterson, Dr John Rain, John W Brodnax, Dr Richard H Scales, Franklin Harris, Jno Strong, John G Rainy.

On motion the Chairman and Secretary, were added.

On motion it was Ordered that the proceedings of the meeting be published in the Iredell Express, Salem Press and G. Patriot.

JOHN MOIR, *Cha'n.*
R. H. WARD, Sec.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.

The Senate was not in session to-day.

In the House, the franking amendment to the postal bill was discussed. There was no action taken upon the bill.

Arrival of Minister McLean.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.

Mr. McLean, the American Minister to Mexico, has arrived in this city. No definite conclusion has yet been arrived at by Senators, in regard to the merits of the treaty with Mexico.

Another Representative Caned.

WASHINGTON, Feb 11.

It was reported here to-day that H. A. Edmondson, of Virginia, severely chastised John Hickman, of Pennsylvania, with a cane yesterday, for his expressions against Virginia, during his speech at Pennington's serenade.

Death of W. E. Burton.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.

W. E. Burton, the great commedian, died here yesterday.

The night watchman at the custom house was found on the street this morning murdered and robbed.

Later from Pike's Peak.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 11.

We have received dates from Pike's Peak to the 3d inst. There was an outbreak at Denver City, between the Jumpers of private claims and the citizens. Serious results were apprehended, the Jumpers having threatened to burn the town in retaliation for their expulsion.

Additional by the Canada.

HALIFAX, Feb. 10.

Richardson & Spence, in their circular, quote Flour dull and declining; Wheat dull and declining; Corn steady; Pork quiet, but steady; Bacon steady; Sugar heavy; Coffee quiet; Rice firm; Rosin steady, at 4s.@4s. 6d.; Spirits of Turpentine firm, at 36s@36s 6d

GENERAL NEWS.—The rumor that 30,000 French troops were expected to invade Leghorn, is untrue.

The body of Capt. Harrison, of the steamship Great Eastern, was removed from Southampton amidst the most profound demonstrations of respect. The bells were tolled, minute guns were fired, and places of business of were closed.

From Texas.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 11.

The steamship Arizona, from Indianola and Brazos Santiago, has arrived.

She brings intelligence from Brownsville to the 5th inst.

A courier, despatched by Col. Ford to Major Heintzelman, reports that the American steamer Ranchero, was fired into 30 miles above Brownsville by Mexicans, bearing a Mexican flag. Several shots were fired and some passed through the steamer. Subsequently the Mexicans fired on Col. Ford's company of Rangers, from the Mexican side of the river and dangerously wounded one of his men.

Col. Ford returned their fire and crossed over into the Mexican territory in pursuit.

Capt Steneman's Dragoons have been reinforced, and now number two hundred men.

The people of Matamoras continue, as formerly, to sympathize with Cortinas and his band of marauders.

War is considered inevitable.

Investigations Threatening at Washington.

The President may look for a series of investigating committees "about these days," from the House of Representatives. The correspondent of a morning paper writes that the Republicans will not move inquiries into the departments, but will operate directly upon the President. He says:

"There will be three committees; one to examine the President, touching the contract for post office blanks, and any other contracts which he may have directed; another to investigate the action of the President with reference to the Chicago and other post-offices; and a third to examine and report upon the agencies used by the President and Vice President to carry the Lecompton bill through both Houses.

Later from Europe.

The North American has arrived with foreign news to the 18th ult., and the Asia to the 21st ult.

But few items of interest are reported.

The Emperor of France has issued an edict abolishing the duty on cotton, and otherwise favorable to a free trade programme.

Negotiations for the meeting of the European Congress have been resumed.

The King of Sardinia has accepted the resignation of his ministry. Count Cavour was forming a new cabinet.

The Pope has replied to Napoleon, positively refusing to cede the rebellious provinces. It is believed that current events will lead to a war between Sardinia and Naples.

Prussia is increasing her army 40,000 men.

A letter from Vienna, published in the Liverpool Gazette, says that notwithstanding the new political complications government was continuing on a large scale the reduction of the army. This reduction, however, consists only in sending home men who can be called back at a moment's notice.

The rebel force in India has been utterly annihilated.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.

SENATE.—The mail contractors' petition for immediate action on the Postal bill was received. The bill was discussed. An amendment to abolish the franking privilege from the 1st of April was rejected by a tie vote in committee of the whole. The Senate adjourned without definite action on the bill.

The following is a copy of the bill as it came from the House:

Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of four millions two hundred and ninety-six thousand nine dollars and twenty-six cents be, and the same is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of supplying the deficiencies in the revenues, and defraying the expenses of the Post-Office Department for the year ending the 30th of June, 1859.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That towards the support of the Post-Office Department the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1860, the sum of four million dollars, payable out of any money arising from the revenue of the Post-Office Department is hereby appropriated, and the further sum of two million four hundred thousand dollars is hereby appropriated; payable out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated—said sums to be expended in conformity with the provisions of the Act approved the 2d day of July, 1836, in the payment exclusively of the compensation of post-masters, the clerks in their offices and mail departments, special agents, and for the transportation of the mails.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum to commence one month after the expiration of the quarter in which the service was rendered, and to the date of the approval of this act, shall be paid on all sums found due to contractors for carrying the mails, and that a sum sufficient to pay the same be and the same is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the sum of one thousand dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated for the services of temporary clerks in expediting the payment of the creditors of the Post-Office.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.

SENATE.—The Senate to-day agreed to print 15,000 copies of the Agricultural Reports of the Patent Office.

The Postal Bill was debated and passed, with an amendment for the total abolition of the franking privilege.

Adjourned to Monday.

HOUSE.—The Standing Committees were announced. The following are the respective Chairmen:

On Election—John A Gilmer, of North Carolina.

On Ways and Means—John Sherman, of Ohio.

On Claims—Mason W Tappan, of New Hampshire.

On Commerce—Elihu B. Washburne, of Illinois.

On Public Lands—Eli Thayer, of Massachusetts.

On Post-Office and Post-Roads—Schuyler Colfax, of Indiana.

On Judiciary—John Hickman, of Pennsylvania.

On Revolutionary Claims—Geo. Briggs, of New York.

On Public Expenditures—John B Haskin, of New York.

On Private Land Claims—C C Washburne, of Wisconsin.

On Manufactures—Chas F Adams, of Massachussetts.

On Agriculture—Martin Butterfield of New York.

On Indian Affairs—Emerson Etheridge, of Tennessee.

On Military Affairs—Benjamin Stanton, of Ohio.

On Militia—Cyndor B Tompkins, of Ohio.

On Naval Affairs—Freeman H Morse, of Maine.

On Foreign Affairs—Thomas Corwin, of Ohio.

On Territories—Galusha A Grow, of Pennsylvania.

On Revolutionary Pensions—John F Potter, of Wisconsin.

On Invalid Pensions—Reuben E. Fenton, of New York.

On Roads and Canals—Robert Mallory, of Kentucky.

On Patents—Wm. Millward, of Pennsylvania.

On Public Buildings—Charles R Train, of Massachusetts.

On Unfinished Business—John A Logan, of Illinois.

On Accounts—Francis E Spinner, of New York.

On Mileage—John D Ashmore, of South Carolina.

On Engraving—Garnett A Adrian, of New Jersey.

On Expenditures of the State Department—James B McKean, of New York.

On Expenditures of Treasury Department—David Loomis, of Connecticut.

On Expenditures of War Department—Wm Stewart, of Pennsylvania.

On Expenditures of Navy Department—Robert Hatton, of Tennessee.

On Expenditures of Post Office Department—Geo W Palmer, of N. Y.

On Expenditures for Public Buildings—Wm D Drayton, of Rhode Island.

On the Joint Committee on the Library—John U Petit, of Indiana.

On Joint Committee on Printing—John A Gurley, of Ohio.

On Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills—Thos G Davidson, of Louisiana.

On Tuesday the Post Office Bill was taken up and discussed all day on a proposed amendment as to the franking privilege. No action. The bill was to come up again on Wednesday.

In the House of Representatives, on Monday, the rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. Phelps, to allow the consideration of the Post Office deficiency bill without submitting it to the ordeal of a Committee of the Whole.—Being slightly amended, it was passed by a large majority and sent to the Senate. It appropriates over ten and a half millions of dollars.

George Marston, of New Hampshire, was then elected Doorkeeper, and J. M. Lucas, of Illinois, Post Master.

Mr. Stokes, of Tennessee, gave notice of a bill to regulate the compensation of members of Congress.

Mr. Etheridge, of Tennessee, gave notice of a bill to establish and regulate a uniform paper currency throughout the United States.

Messrs. Florence and other Pennsylvania members gave notice of tariff amendment (protection) bills.

Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, gave notice of a bill to punish and prevent polygamy in the Territories and to disapprove of certain acts of the Legislature of Utah.

The House adjourned over to Thursday, to give the Speaker an opportunity to appoint the Committees.

We find the following notice of Gov. Pennington in the National Intelligencer:

"Hon. William Pennington was born in Newark, New Jersey, where he has resided all his life. He is a lawyer, and has for many years practiced his profession extensively in the courts of that State. In 1837 he was elected Governor of New Jersey and *ex officio* Chancellor of that State, both of which positions he occupied for six years, or until 1843. [redacted] In politics [redacted]ton has ever been a Whig, and it was during his administration as Governor that the famous broad seal controversy occurred in New Jersey. In politics now he is a moderate Republican decidedly conservative in principle and spirit, a firm supporter of the Union, and an advocate for laying aside all subjects that may disturb the public tranquillity. His personal character is one of the most pure and estimable, and his presence and manners remarkable for dignity and urbanity.

We had the pleasure of a visit yesterday from Mr. John Atkins, of Austin, Texas, a man known to newspaper fame, a native of South Carolina, but a resident of Texas since the year 1828. Mr. Atkins appeared to be about fifty years of age, but is as full of the fire of youth as though he was but a boy. He emigrated to Texas when it was a Mexican colony, and began the publication of a newspaper at St. Phillippi, called the '*Mexican Citizen*,' which he issued once a week, 'if convenient,' at *six dollars* per annum. In those days he printed blanks at $10 a quire, and common hand-bills at $20 per hundred.

Mr. Atkins has lived to see a Mexican colony revolutionized—her independence declared, and formed into a republic, and finally the annexation of the Lone Star to the American Union of States. He goes hither to Washington City.—*Dem. Press.*

We also had the pleasure of a visit from Mr. Atkins. He advises well-to-do North Carolinians, who have taken the 'Texas Fever,' to stay at home; and his account of the state of things there—with regard to its unsalubriousness—cured one who was present at the time he visited us.—*Goldsboro' Independent.*

A Lovely Young Lady Roasted Alive.

A truly distressing accident occurred in Hanover county, Va., on Saturday last. Miss Bettie C. Berkely, aged eighteen years, while in her mother's chamber, engaged in her ordinary morning vocation, accidentally passed near enough for her skirts to ignite, and quick as thought she was enveloped in a sheet of flames. Mrs. Berkely seized a blanket and endeavored to smother the flames; but no help being at hand, she failed to check the devouring element until her lovely daughter, just budding into womanhood, and who but a moment before was all life and cheerfulness, was completely roasted alive.

The Iredell Express.

Maryland.

Governor Hicks, in his letter to the Governor of South Carolina, acknowledging the receipt of the resolutions of that Legislature, makes the following expression as to the position of Maryland on the question of disunion:

'It seems right to add the expression of my own opinion, that, while the people of Maryland have cause more than the people of any other Southern State to complain of the loss and injury from these conspiracies and assaults, they do not see the remedy for such outrages in a measure which, if it were possible, could only secure the continuance of them under shelter of a *foreign* asylum upon her borders.

HYMENEAL.

MARRIED,

In this county, on the 8th inst., by the Rev. Stephen Frontis, MR. JOHN J. ROSE, to MISS PRUDENCE M. LIPE, daughter of Mr. Joseph Lipe.

OBITUARY.

DIED,

In Salisbury, N. C., January 31, 1860, MR. WILLIAM MURPHY, jr., aged 21 years and 10 months.

Markets

Statesville Market—Feb. 17, 1859.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY BY J. F. ALEXANDER & CO.]

Bacon	0 12 (a) 12½	Feathers	0 35 (a) 0 40
Beef	0 4½(a) 5½	Flour	4 50 (a) 5 00
Beeswax	0 25 (a) 0 30	Flaxseed	1 00
Butter	0 15 (a) 0 18	Hides, dry	0 15
Coffee	0 14 (a) 0 16½	Green	0 06
Candles, Tallow	0 20	Lard	0 11 (a) 0 12
Adamantine	0 30 (a) 0 35	Linseed	1 30 (a) 0 35
Corn	0 65 (a) 0 70	Molasses	0 40 (a) 0 65
Chickens	0 10 (a) 0 12	Nails	0 06 (a) 0 07
Dried Apples, peeled	0 03½	Peas	0 65 (a) 0 75
Dried Peaches, peeled	0 10	Rags	0 03
unpeeled	0 03½	Rice	0 06
Eggs, doz	0 12	Salt	2 75 (a) 3 00
		Sugar	0 10 (a) 0 12
		Loaf	0 16 (a) 0 18
		Tallow	0 10 (a) 0 12
		Wheat	0 90 (a) 1 00

Charlotte Market—Feb. 13, 1859.

Bacon, Hams	lb 0 12½@ 0 00	Rye	0 00 (a) 0 00
Sides	0 11 (a) 0 11½	Peas	0 70 (a) 0 75
Hog	0 11½(a) 0 00	Beans, white	0 75
Beeswax	0 25 (a) 0 28	Oats	0 00 (a) 0 62
Butter	0 12½(a) 0 15	Meal	0 85 (a) 0 90
Candles, Adamantine	0 25 (a) 0 30	Hides, Dry	0 12 (a) 0 12½
Sperm	0 40	Green	0 06 (a) 0 06½
Coffee, Rio	0 14 (a) 0 15	Iron, Comm.	0 04 (a) 0 05
Laguira	0 17 (a) 0 00	Rolled	0 05 (a) 0 05½
Java	0 00 (a) 0 20	Lard	0 12 (a) 0 12½
Cotton, Fair to good	0 09½(a) 0 10	Molasses, N. O.	0 70 (a) 0 75
Ordin to mid.	0 09 (a) 0 09½	Su. Ho.	0 50 (a) 0 60
Flour, Ex sup. in bbls	6 25 (a) 6 50	W. I.	0 00 (a) 0 40
In bags	3 15 (a) 3 25	Nails	0 05 (a) 0 06
Superfi.	2 87½(a) 0 00	Salt, sck.	1 75 (a) 1 80
Fine	2 25 (a) 0 00	Spirits, Rye wh	0 75 (a) 0 00
Grain, Wheat	1 25 (a) 1 30	N. C.	0 55 (a) 0 62
Corn	0 90 (a) 0 92	Ap. Br.	0 60 (a) 0 00
		Peach	1 00 (a) 1 50
		Sugars, N. Orl.	0 10 (a) 0 12½
		Loaf	0 14 (a) 0 15

Salisbury Market—Feb. 14 1859.

Apples, Dried	0 50 (a) 1 00	Molasses, Cuba	0 34 (a) 0 45
Bacon	0 11½(a) 0 12½	N. Orl.	0 55 (a) 0 65
Beeswax	0 20 (a) 0 25	Musco.	0 45 (a) 0 50
Candles, Adamantine	0 23 (a) 0 30	Nails cut	0 05½(a) 0 06
Coffee, Rio	0 12½(a) 0 14	Oats	0 40 (a) 0 50
Java	0 17 (a) 0 22½	Oils, Tanners	0 50 (a) 0 00
Cotton	0 10 (a) 0 11	Rags, lb	0 02½
Corn	0 81 (a) 0 85	Salt, sck.	2 00 (a) 2 10
" Meal	0 75 (a) 0 80	Sugar, Brown	0 08 (a) 0 10
Feathers	0 30 (a) 0 35	Crush	0 12 (a) 0 15
Flour,		Clar.	0 10 (a) 0 11
bbl.	5 00 (a) 6 00	Tallow	0 10 (a) 0 12
sack	2 85 (a) 3 00	Wheat, White	1 25 (a) 1 30
Iron, bar	0 05	Red	0 85 (a) 0 90
Lard	0 11 (a) 0 12	Wool	0 25 (a) 0 30

Wilmington Market—Jan. 26, 1859.

Reported expressly for the Express, by W. H. MCRARY & CO., *Commission Merchants.*

Bacon	0 00 (a) 0 14	No 3	9 50(a) 11
Sides	00 (a) 12	Bagging,	12 (a) 00
Shoulders	00 (a) 10	Rope	6½(a) 8
Pork, mess	817 50	Glue	12½(a) 17
Lard	0 13 (a) 0 00	Gunny	0 10 (a) 0
Beeswax	0 31 (a) 0 32	Grain, Corn	0 80 (a) 0 00
Coffee, Rio	0 11½(a) 0 12½	Wheat	0 00 (a) 0 00
Laguira	0 13 (a) 0 14	Oats	0 55 (a) 0 00
Java	0 16 (a) 0 18	S. Tur.	40½(a) 0 00
Cotton, mid.	10½	Rice	04(a) 00
Fair do	10½(a) 0 00	Salt, sack	0 00(a) 2 00
good do	0 10½(a) 0 10½	Liverp.	2 25
Feathers	0 55 (a) 0 00	Sugars, N. O.	0 08 (a) 0 09
Flour, Family	0 00 (a) 6 25	Crush	0 09 (a) 0 10
Super.	0 00 (a) 6 00	Flaxseed	1 35 (a) 0 00
Lime	00 (a) 1 10	Irish Potatoes,	
Plaster, in bbls.	1 50	bbl	0 00(a) 2 00
Cement	2 50	Guano, Peruvian, under 1 ton	70
Molasses Cuba	0 24 (a) 0 25	1 ton & under 5,	31
N. O.	0 00 (a) 0 00	ton.	$60 00
Mullets	6 50(a) 8 00	Adamantine Candles	20(a) 25
Mackerel	18 (a) 20	Herring	$3,50(a) 5,00
No 2	14(a) 16		

SIMONTON HOUSE.

Statesville, N. C.

A. D. MOORE, PROPRIETOR.

THE Undersigned having taken a lease of the above popular Establishment, informs the public, that his best exertions shall be used to furnish the Travelling and resident community with the best and most satisfactory accommodations, equal with the best hotels in the country, and for moderate charges. The

TABLE

will, at all times, be spread with the best the country affords, and every attention devoted for the comfort of Guests.

A liberal share of public patronage is very respectfully solicited.

A. D. MOORE,
Statesville, Feb 17 60 Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED!

50 Sacks Salt,
Fresh Clover Seed and
Orchard Grass Seed
at JAMISON, SIMONTON & CO.
Feb 17 60 11:tf

ATTENTION!
Independent Iredell Blues!

YOU are hereby commanded to appear in Statesville on Monday Evening, for the purpose of holding a Meeting to transact business of importance to the Company.

A. K. SIMONTON, Captain.

FOUND.

A sum of money, which the owner can obtain by describing the same, on application at this office.

GREAT ATTRACTION!

The Old and well Known Establishment of
DRUCKER & HEILBRUN,
in Charlotte, have opened this day a Branch of their Business in
STATESVILLE,
under the Firm and Style of
J. RINTELS & CO.

WE would respectfully inform the Citizens of Statesville, and of the County and the neighbouring counties, that we have taken the Store formerly occupied by MESSRS. REESE & STIREWALT, on College Avenue, and have opened an entire New Stock of

GOODS,

Consisting of
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,
Hardware,
HATS, SHOES AND BOOTS,
GROCERIES
and every thing else usually kept and to be found in such an Establishment.

Our facilities in purchasing Goods will enable us to sell Goods at a considerable less figure, than the Citizens of this vicinity are in the habit of buying. We therefore invite the public to examine our Stock. We are determined to sell our Goods at
CHARLOTTE CASH PRICES,
and accordingly hope to receive a large share of Public Patronage.

J. RINTELS & CO.
Statesville, Feb 8 1860 11:tf

SPRING IMPORTATION,
1860.

RIBBONS,
MILLINERY & STRAW GOODS.

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.
Importers and Jobbers of
RIBBONS, BONNET SILKS & SATINS
Velvets, Ruches, Flowers, Feathers,
STRAW BONNETS, FLATS, &c.
No. 237 and Lofts of 239 Baltimore St.
Baltimore, Md.

Offer a Stock unsurpassed in the United States in variety and cheapness.

Orders solicited and prompt attention given.

TERMS, 6 months, six per cent. off for cash, par funds. Feb 17, 3m

MADE for SERVICE!

LADIES'
FINE BOOTS & GAITERS
ALSO
COMMON SHOES:
Manufactured by J. SHELLY, Thomasville, North Carolina. Also,

MEN'S SHOES,

Manufactured by C. M. & G LINES, Thomasville, North Carolina. For sale by
JOS. W. STOCKTON.
Statesville, February 17, 1860 11:tf

SADDLES!

SADDLES! SADDLES!

JUST received the Best and Cheapest SADDLES ever offered in Statesville.

Call and examine for yourselves, at WALLACE & ELIAS' New Store, next to the Express Office. 11:tf

HOUSES and LOTS
FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber, offers for sale in the town of Statesville, a good

Two-Story Store House

and Lot. the House 30 X 40 feet, two-stories high, Ware Room 12 X 40 feet, Counting and Bed room, two fire places. A good bargain can be had and possession at any time, by applying to the subscriber.

I have, also, a good

Dwelling House and Lot

to Sell or Rent, the lot contains 5 acres, the House is newly painted outside and in, a good Kitchen and all necessary out buildings, and a well of good water on the lot.

Any person wishing a desirable residence in this place, will do well to call soon and examine the property.

JOS. W. STOCKTON.
Statesville, Feb 13, 1860 11:tf

State of North Carolina, WILKES County. In Equity. To Spring Term, 1860.

Amos Ladd & wife, vs Henry Chambers and others.

In this case, George Sparkes, will take notice, to appear, plead or demur in said case, at the next Court of Equity to be held for said County, at the Court House in Wilkesboro', on the 3d Monday of March next—else said case will be heard ex-parte, and judgment pro-confesso, entered against him in said case. Ordered that this case be published for six weeks in the Iredell Express.

Wilkesboro', N. C., at Office, this 8 day of February, 1860. JAMES CALLOWAY,
11:6w pr fee $6 C. M. E.

State of North Carolina, WILKES County. In Equity. To Spring Term, 1860.

Caleb Minton, vs J. M MacPherson and others.

In this case, J. M. MacPherson and wife Mary, and her daughter Rebecca Jane Wellborn, will take notice to appear, plead or demur in said case, at the next Court of Equity to be held for said County, at the Court-House in Wilkesboro', on the 3d Monday of March next—else said case will be heard ex parte, and judgment pro-confesso entered against them in said case. Ordered that this case be published for six weeks in the Iredell Express.

Wilkesboro', N. C., at Office, this 8th day of February, 1860.

JAMES CALLOWAY, C. M. E.
11:6w pr fee $6

NOTICE.

I will sell at the Court-House in Statesville, on Monday the 20th of February, **One Share of Stock** in the W. N. C. R. R. Company, belonging to the Estate of David Ramsay, dec'd. J. G. RAMSAY,
1t Adm'r.

Good Fresh **CLOVER SEED** and **ORCHARD GRASS SEED**, for Sale by J. W. STOCKTON.

I want those indebted to me to please pay a part at least by February Court. J. W. Stockton.

SALT! SALT!

LARGE Seamless Sacks—Cheaper than ever. 10:tf J. W. STOCKTON.

CALL
AND GET A CATALOGUE
OF
Garden & Flower Seeds.
Just received a Fresh and Large Supply
OVER
THREE HUNDRED VARIETIES.
ALSO,
Clover, Timothy, Blue and Orchard
GRASS SEEDS,
Early Garden Corn,
MERCER POTATOES,
Onion Buttons and Sets,

W. H. WYATT, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Oils, Paints, Brushes, Pepper, Spices, Sodas, Soaps, &c., Nos. 186 and 188 Main Street, Salisbury, N. C. Feb 17 1860— -11;4t

SALISBURY DRUG STORE,
SALISBURY DRUG STORE,
SALISBURY DRUG STORE,
SALISBURY DRUG STORE,
Nos. 186 and 188 MAIN STREET,
Nos. 186 and 188 MAIN STREET,
Nos. 186 and 188 MAIN STREET,
Nos. 186 and 188 MAIN STREET,
W. H. WYATT,
W. H. WYATT,
W. H. WYATT,
W. H. WYATT,
ALMANACS GIVEN AWAY.
ALMANACS GIVEN AWAY.
ALMANACS GIVEN AWAY.
ALMANACS GIVEN AWAY,
GOODS SOLD CHEAPER
GOODS SOLD CHEAPER
GOODS SOLD CHEAPER
GOODS SOLD CHEAPER
than at any other House in the State.
than at any other House in the State.
than at any other House in the State.
than at any other House in the State.
Feb 17 1860 4t:11

SUPERIOR LIQUORS,
SUPERIOR LIQUORS,
SUPERIOR LIQUORS,
SUPERIOR LIQUORS,
From the Celebrated House of Bininger & Co
From the Celebrated House of Bininger & Co
From the Celebrated House of Bininger & Co
From the Celebrated House of Bininger & Co
For sale by
For sale by
For sale by
For sale by
W. H. WYATT,
W. H. WYATT,
W. H. WYATT,
W. H. WYATT,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
Nos. 186 and 188 Main St.,
Nos. 186 and 188 Main St.,
Nos. 186 and 188 Main St.,
Nos. 186 and 188 Main St.,
SALISBURY, N. C.
SALISBURY, N. C.
SALISBURY, N. C.
SALISBURY, N. C.
Feb 17 1860 11:4t

WHEAT WANTED.

WE wish to purchase **5000 bushels of Good WHEAT**, for which we will pay the highest Market price in *CASH*.

J. A. & R. Q. DAVIDSON.
Feb 3 60 9:tf

NOTICE.

WILL be sold on Tuesday of February Court:

2 Mules, 1 Two-Horse Waggon and Gears, Carts &c.,

belonging to the Commissioners of Statesville. For particulars enquire of H. Reynolds or J. A. Rosebro. By order of the Board.

C. A. CARLTON, Clk.
of the Board of Coms.
February, 3, 60 9:tds

NOTICE.

I WILL sell at the Court-House in Statesville, on Tuesday 21st day of February, (County Court) THREE Bundles of

BOOKS,

marked Rev. W. B. Richardson, Taylorsville, N. C. Said Books will be sold to pay charges. D. D. DOHERTY, Agent
Statesville, feb 3 9ts W. N. C. R. R.

POCKET-BOOK & MONEY

. LOST!

ON Monday the 16th instant, somewhere between Statesville and Owen's Grocery, on the Salisbury Plank Road, I lost my pocket-book containing about $63 in money, also a note on Thos. B. Cook payable to C. S. Brown, for $100 given in 1856, and some small accounts and receipts, of use only to the owner. It is a small book, made to fasten with a string, which is broken off. A suitable reward will be paid to the finder of said book on its return to me with the contents, and many thanks. J. R. DAVIDSON,
January, 27 60:tf Statesville, N. C.

Look to Your Interest!

Encourage Us--and We will do Our Best to Please, and Warrant All Our WORK
ROOFING & GUTTERING
in the best Style, and Cheaper than the Cheapest—Lower than the Lowest!

Wholesale and Retail.
LECKIE & SON,

HAVE and will keep on hand all kinds of
TIN
AND
SHEET IRON
WARES,
and will make to order and endeavor to supply every demand in their line of business, low down for Cash or to punctual customers.

All kinds of produce taken in exchange for work. Old Copper and Pewter wanted.
January, 27, 1860

NOTICE.

I WILL sell at Public Auction, at the Court House in Statesville, on Tuesday of February Court, **Thirteen Shares W. N. C. R. R. Stock**; also, a few articles remaining unsold from the 1st sale by Joseph A. Davidson's Executor.

At the same time and place, I will sell **12 Shares W. N. C. R. R. Stock.**

Terms made known on day of Sale.

JOHN DAVIDSON, Adm.
January, 13 '60 6:tds

Wheat & Flour Wanted.

WE wish to buy **5000 Bushels of good WHEAT**, for which we will pay the highest price in Cash and furnish Bags.

Also, **5000 Sacks of Prime Flour** for which CASH will be paid.

JAMISON, SIMONTON & CO.
January 13 '60 6:tf

Wanted. 5,000 lb Beeswax. 10,000 lb Dried Fruit.
Oct. 21. T. H. McRORIE.

THE PARTNERSHIP
HERETOFORE EXISTING BETWEEN
Samuel Stevenson,
Smith Bowen, and
Dan'l M. Zimmerman,
Having been dissolved by the death of Sam'l Stevenson, the undersigned will continue the
DRY GOODS
JOBBING BUSINESS
Under the Firm of
SMITH BOWEN & CO.,
At the OLD STAND,
No. 53 NORTH THIRD STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
Smith Bowen,
Daniel M. Zimmerman,
Formerly of Lincolnton, N. C.
Feb 3 60 9:2m

LIVERY STABLE.

Statesville, N. C.

HAVING bought the interest of M. A Bringle, in the extensive Stables connected with the Simonton House, I take pleasure in informing Travelers and the Public generally, that I am prepared to
Hire Horses and Buggies,
AT REASONABLE RATES.

Persons wanting Conveyance can be accommodated at any time, and sent to any part of the country.

I pride myself on keeping gentle and fast horses. My Provender is of the best quality, and the quantity left to the appetite of the animal.

All is under the management of the Proprietor, and no fear need be entertained.
Feb 10:10 J. R. DAVIDSON.

DR. T. J. WITHERSPOON.

HAVING located myself at the late residence of JOHN CLARK, near Sherrell's Ford, and about ten miles Southwest of Statesville, I offer my *Professional Services* to the surrounding public.

T. J. WITHERSPOON, M. D.
Jan 27 60 8:1y

Sale of Valuable Lands
IN
IREDELL COUNTY.

WILL be sold at the Court House door in Statesville, at Public Auction, on the Tuesday of Iredell County Court, being the **21st** day of February next, two tracts of land belonging to the estate of the late Joel H. Jenkins, and sold by directions in his will. One tract, known as the John Pott's lands, joining the lands of John McHenry and others, and contains about 310 Acres. The other tract is known as the Robert McNeely place, and joins John Moore, Isaac A. Witherspoon and others, contains about 200 acres. A credit of twelve months will be given with interest after six months.

B. B. ROBERTS,
D. A. DAVIS,
Executors of J. H. Jenkins.
Jan 20, 1860 7:tds

NOTICE.

HAVING bought out the SHOE SHOP of W. L. Jenkins, we will conduct the business in the old Stand, in the "Simonton House," where we are ready to dispatch work in the neatest and most approved style. We respectfully solicit a liberal share of the patronage of Statesville and surrounding country.

Interest will be charged on all accounts from the 1st January and 1st July.

Repairing done on the shortest notice, for Cash. DUNLAP & GREEN.
January 13 1860 6:tf

PRINTING
OFFICE
FOR
SALE.

WE offer for sale the Press, Types, Chases, column rules and all other materials that were used in publishing the "North Carolina Bulletin," at a low price. The establishment is sufficiently extensive to print a paper of medium size, and do Job work very well.

Any person desiring to embark in the publishing business in an interior town, would do well to apply. E. B. DRAKE & SON,
Statesville, N. C.

OLIN HIGH SCHOOL.

THE next Session will open on Wednesday, January 4th, 1860, the Subscriber in charge.

OLIN is in a quiet and religious community, and temptations to vice are exceedingly few. The School-rooms are very large and comfortable.

Miss S. E. PURVIS will assist in the Female Department and give instruction in Music. Other Assistants will be employed as the wants of the School demand.

Tuition in advance. In the Classics $20 per Session. English $6,50, $10, and $15. Music $20. Contingent fee $1.00. Board $7,50 to $8.00 per month.

A. H. MERRITT, A. M. PRIN.
Olin, Iredell co., N. C. 3-5t

5,000 BUSHELS WHEAT WANTED.

WANTED,
AT THE ROWAN MILLS,
5,000 Bushels Good Wheat,
For which **Salisbury Cash Prices** will be paid. Call and see me before you sell.

O. G. FOARD.
Nov. 18, 1859. 49-tf

WALLACE & ELIAS

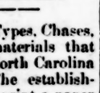
Are receiving now a very large supply of the Best Family Groceries.

ALSO,

500 Sacks of the very best Liverpool Salt in seamless Sacks. nov 18 59 tf

AT JENKINS' CORNER.
JUST RECEIVED
5 HHDS. W. I. MOLASSES
20 Sacks prime RIO COFFEE
6 do Java; 3 do Laguira
3 Hhds. New Orleans Sugar
10 Bbls. Crushed Sugar
5 Bbls. Crushed and Powdered Sugar
10 Bbls. A. B. and C. Sugar
100 Sacks Salt
For sale cheap for cash or country produce.
J. F. MOOSE.
Salisbury, June 24, 1859. 6m

BLACKSMITH SHOP.



THE Subscriber is prepared to do all kinds of work in the Blacksmith line, at the Shop formerly occupied by Mr. Hendrix, west of the Court House. I warrant the work to be well done and charges reasonable. Give me a call. Y. S. DEAN.
January 13 '60 6:3m

10 TONS SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME, for Sale by
Oct. 21'59. T. H. McRORIE.

NORTH CAROLINA FOUNDRY
AND
MACHINE WORKS!
FRERCKS & RAEDER,
SUCCESSORS TO
N. BOYDEN & SON,

WILL continue to manufacture and keep on hand all
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS
made heretofore. A full assortment of
Plows, Corn-Shellers, Horse-Powers, Threshers, Cultivators, Straw & Feed Cutters, Seed-Sowers,

Thrashers and Separators, Cider and Sugar Mills. They also manufacture
Shafting and Machinery
for Grist Mills, Circular and Vertical Saw Mills, Gold, Copper and Silver Mines, Tobacco Presses and Fixtures, &c., &c.
Iron and Brass Castings,
Forgings and Finished WORK of every description made to order, and warranted in every respect. Repairs of every description of Machinery done at short notice.
Salisbury, N. C., Jan 20, 1860 7:3m

Charlotte and Lincolnton
MARBLE YARDS.
WM. & R. TIDDY,
DEALERS IN
Foreign and American Marble,
AND MANUFACTURERS OF
Marble Mantels, Head Stones, Slabs & Furniture Marble
of every Style and Quality.
They have also a great number of designs for
MONUMENTS,
which they will execute to order at reduced prices. From their long experience in the Marble business they flatter themselves that having all the facilities that can be desired in the Trade they can make it an object for all who need anything in their line to give them a call.
Shop at Charlotte, N. E. corner of the Depot Square. Lincolnton at the Public Square.
Orders at either Yard respectfully solicited and will meet with prompt attention.
august 26 '59 38:tf

FISHER, FOARD & HOOKER,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE
GROCERS,
(EXCEPT LIQUORS)
Flour, Produce,
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
NEWBERN, N. C.
G. F. FISHER. J. F. FOARD. O. HOOKER.
January 13, '60 6:3m

FISHER, FOARD & HOOKER,
NEWBERN, N. C.,
KEEP constantly on hand a full assortment of
GROCERIES,
Liquors excepted, Lime, Cement, Land Plaster, Guanoes, &c, &c.
They are expecting in a short time several cargoes of
Molasses, Sugar, Coffee, Alum & Sack Salt, West India Fruits, Hides, &c.,
in return for Shipments of Flour and other N. C. Produce, for which orders are solicited, and they will be filled on arrival of the vessels at the lowest market prices. They will receive in payment of Groceries or sell on Commission articles of Produce such as Flour, Dried Fruit, Beeswax, Feathers, Cotton Yarn, &c. jan 13, '60 6:1m

HATHAWAY & CO.,
WILMINGTON, N. C.,
OFFER FOR SALE
4250 Sacks Ground Alum, Marshall's fine factory filled & Jeffrey's & Darcy's Salt. Part to arrive.
400 Bags Rio, Laguyra, Cape and Java Coffee.
150 Barrels Clarified & Refined Sugars.
25 Hhds Fair to Choice Muscovado Sugar.
75 " Prime retailing Cuba Molasses.
100 Casks Prime New Crop Rice.
45 Hhds strictly Choice Western BACON, Sides and Shoulders.
100 Bbls Extra New River Mullets.
200 Boxes SOAP and CANDLES.
100 Bbls. Portland, New Orleans and refined SYRUPS.
100 Bbls. Cincinnati, N. Y. City Mess and Prime PORK.
450 Kegs Nails of a good brand.
-ALSO-
Land in Barrels, Tierces and Kegs, Matches, Mustard, Yeast Powders, Tea, Hay, Gunny Bags, Gunny Bagging, Rope &C., &C., &C.
Wholesale Buyers visiting this City will find it to their interest to Call upon US.
Dec. 23, 1859. 3-2m

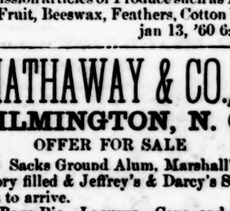
A VALUABLE PLANTATION
FORSALE.
Seven Hundred and Forty Acres.

I WILL SELL AS EXECUTOR OF THE Will of Andrew Allison, dec'd., on Tuesday, the 17th January next, at the Court-House in Statesville, the
Plantation & Tract
of land on which Andrew Allison, dec'd, formerly lived, in Iredell county, on Fourth Creek; containing
Seven hundred and forty Acres,
of which, about five hundred and fifty acres is woodland. This sale is worthy the attention of persons desirous of making investment in real estate; purchasers will be required to give bond and approved security on twelve months credit with interest from date. Title will be retained until the purchase money is paid, but possession will be given immediately.

Persons indebted to the estate will please call and settle. THOS. A ALLISON,
Statesville, Iredell Co. Exr.

Salisbury Watchman will copy and forward account. Dec 9 59-tds.

The Largest Lot of
PARLOR,



and CHURCH STOVES
Ever offered in this Market, and will be sold lower than can be had in Western North Carolina, for Cash. Also, all kinds of PLAIN & JAPANED TIN-WARE and STILLS kept on hand. All kinds of Copper and Sheet-iron work done at the shortest notice.
J. D. BROWN & CO.
Salisbury, Oct. 21, 1859. 46-tf

Woollen Rags! Cotton Rags!

THE Subscriber desires to purchase 10,000 Pounds or any quantity of Woollen and Cotton Rags, for which he will pay 1½ and 3 cents per pound, in **Tin Ware.**
J. P. FLANAGAN.
Statesville, jan 27 60 8:tf

WALLACE & ELIAS

RESPECTFULLY SOLICIT THE PATRONAGE OF THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL to their Large and Extensive Stock of

FALL & WINTER GOODS.

Consisting of
Dry and Fancy Goods, Ready-Made Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats & Caps, Hardware and Cutlery, Crockery and Glassware, Groceries, Medicines and Jewelry,
and many other articles to numerous to mention, all of which we are selling—*Cheaper than the Cheapest*, for CASH or Country Produce, as our MOTTO is
"Quick Sales and small Profits."

WE are sure that nobody will leave our Store without being satisfied, as it is our desire to please our Customers. Try us and judge for yourselves.

WALLACE & ELIAS,
Nov 18, 1859. tf next door to the "Iredell Express" Office.

THE PLACE TO GET YOUR MONEY BACK!

S. J. RICKERT

TAKES PLEASURE IN INFORMING HIS FRIENDS, PATRONS AND ALL MANKIND IN GENERAL, THAT
HE IS IN RECEIPT OF THE
LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF
CONFECTIONERY,
FANCY GOODS AND JEWELRY,
EVER OFFERED IN STATESVILLE.

CALL AND EXAMINE HIS STOCK,
As he takes pleasure in Showing his Goods.

If your HAIR is falling off, or diseased in any way, or you wish to Dye your hair, he has the article—
Prof. Wood's & Mrs. Allen's
HAIR RESTORATIVE.
He is also AGENT for
Sanford's, Ayer's and Dr. Jayne's MEDICINE.

LADIES, if you wish **Preserves, Pickles**, or **Candies**;
GENTLEMEN, if you wish **Presents** for the **LADIES**;
LITTLE BOYS and GIRLS, if you wish **TOYS**;
IS THE PLACE TO BUY THEM.

STATESVILLE, March 30, 1859. 17tf

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE
AND
British Reviews.

L. SCOTT & CO., NEW YORK, continue to publish the following leading British Periodicals, viz:

1. **The London Quarterly** (Conservative.)
2. **The Edinburgh Review** (Whig.)
3. **The North British Review** (Free Church.)
4. **The Westminster Review** (Liberal.)
5. **Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine** (Tory.)

These periodicals ably represent the three great political parties of Great Britain—Whig, Tory, and Radical—but politics forms only one feature of their character. As Organs of the most profound writers on Science, Literature, Morality, and Religion, they stand, as they ever have stood, unrivalled in the world of letters, being considered indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, while to the intelligent reader of every class they furnish a more correct and satisfactory record of the current literature of the day, throughout the world, than can be possibly obtained from any other source.

EARLY COPIES.

The receipt of ADVANCE SHEETS from the British publishers gives additional value to these Reprints, inasmuch as they can now be placed in the hands of subscribers about as soon as the original editions.

TERMS.

	Per ann.
For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 00
For any two of the four Reviews,	5 00
For any three of the four Reviews,	7 00
For all four of the Reviews,	8 00
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 00
For Blackwood and one Review,	5 00
For Blackwood and two Reviews,	7 00
For Blackwood and three Reviews,	9 00
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 00

Money current in the State where issued will be received at par.

CLUBBING.

A discount of twenty-five per cent. from the above prices will be allowed to CLUBS ordering four or more copies of any one or more of the above works. Thus: Four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to one address for $9; four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood for $30; and so on.

Postage.

In all the principal Cities and Towns these works will be delivered FREE OF POSTAGE. When sent by mail, the Postage to any part of the United States will be but 24 Cents a year for "Blackwood," and but 14 Cents a year for each of the Reviews.

N.B.—The price in Great Britain of the five Periodicals above named is $31 per annum.

THE FARMER'S GUIDE
TO
Scientific and Practical Agriculture.

By HENRY STEPHENS, F. R. S., of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, Professor of Scientific Agriculture in Yale College, New Haven. 2 vols. Royal Octavo. 1600 pages, and numerous Engravings.

This is, confessedly, the most complete work on Agriculture ever published, and in order to give it a wider circulation the publishers have resolved to reduce the price to
Five Dollars for the Two Volumes!!

When sent by mail (post-paid) to California and Oregon the price will be $7. To every other part of the Union, and to Canada (post-paid), $6. *This work is not the old "Book of the Farm."*

Remittances for any of the above publications should always be addressed, post-paid, to the Publishers,

LEONARD SCOTT & CO.
Dec. 2 '59 No. 54 Gold street, N. Y.

Death to All Vermin!

It is truly wonderful with what certainty Rats, Roaches, Mice, Moles, Ground Mice, Bed-bugs, Ants, Moths, Musquitoes, Fleas, Insects on animals, in short every species of Vermin, are utterly destroyed by
"Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c., Exterminator,
"Costar's" Bed-Bug Exterminator,
"Costar's" Electric Powder, for Insects, &c.
THE
[only infallible remedies known.]

J. C. COVER, (Ed. "Herald,") *Lancaster, Wis.* "We highly recommend the Exter. More grain and provisions are destroyed annually in Grant county by vermin, than would pay for tens of this Rat Killer and Insect Exter., yet a hundredth part of the value of such property laid out in "Costar's" Ext. would save all from loss."

W. CURTIS, (Druggist,) *Oakland, Ill.* "We rec'd the box—care Blakeley, st. Louis—it gives great satisfaction wherever tried—is a 'dead shot' every time, and no mistake."

OSBORN & PARSONS, *Tuf ton, Wis.* "Your Rat, Roach Exter., is all sold. It gives universal satisfaction."

GEORGE ROSE (Druggist,) *Cardington, O.* "I have been selling your Ext. for the last year, and have not known it to fail in a single instance."

R. WRIGHT, (Druggist,) *Troy, O.* "I have sold out all the Rat, Roach, &c., Ext. The Rat Killer is in great demand."

☞ PRINCIPAL DEPOT, 410 Broadway, New York.
☞ All Wholesale Druggists in New York are Agents.
☞ Wholesale Agents in all the large cities.
☞ Druggists and Dealers everywhere sell them.
☞ 10,000 Boxes sold per week in New York alone.
☞ Beware!!! of spurious imitations. Examine each Box, Bottle, or Flask, and take nothing but "COSTAR'S."
☞ $5.00 Boxes can be sent by mail, (sufficient to destroy the Vermin on any premises.)
☞ $2.00 Sample Packages (1 doz.) by Express to dealers.
☞ For Agencies, send for Circulars, Terms, &c.

Wholesale Agents for Virginia, Maryland, N. Carolina, &c. Baltimore, Md., Wm. H. Brown & Bro. and others; Norfolk, Va., King & Toy; Wilmington, N. C., Wm. H. Lippitt & Co. For sale by S. J. RICKERT, Statesville, N. C.
August 5, 1859. 35-3m

ATLANTIC, T. & OHIO R. R. CO.

BOOKS FOR SUBSCRIPTION to the Capital Stock of **The Atlantic, Tenn. & Ohio Rail Road Company** have been opened at the store of Messrs. Jamison, Simonton & Co., Statesville.

JOHN DAVIDSON,
A. K. SIMONTON,
L. Q. SHARPE,
THOS. A. ALLISON,
OTHO GILLESPIE, } Commissioners.

Statesville, Jan. 6, 1860.

THE Subscriber would inform his Customers and Friends generally, at the beginning of the
NEW YEAR
that he is still on hand at the *Old Stand*, selling his New Fall and Winter Stock of
DRY GOODS & GROCERIES
as low or lower for Cash or Country Produce as the lowest. Also, a large lot of fine
Liverpool Salt, Cheese and Rio Coffee,
of good quality.

Those who are indebted to me either by note or account will confern favor by calling soon and settling up to the 1st of January, as I

The London Times, in a leader on slavery in the United States, and the revulsion in favor of the Southern States, caused by the vagaries of the abolitionists, says the union of the American people is not only of importance to themselves, but to the world at large. It has been fully proved, not only on the American continent, but in our own colonies, that the enforced equality of the European and African tends not to the elevation of the black, but to the degradation of the white man. We cannot find any sympathy for those who would try in the United States the plan of a half caste republic, and we trust that the federal government and the right-thinking part of the community will protect the South from a repetition of such outrages as that at Harper's Ferry.

Advertisements.

NOTICE

To Physicians, Families, Farmers, and Mechanics.

W. H. WYATT,

DRUGGIST & APOTHECARY,

MAIN ST., SALISBURY, N. C.

DURING THIRTEEN YEARS EXPERience my attention has been directed to the worthlessness of a large portion of the MEDICINES offered for sale, I have resolved to supply Physicians and Families with pure and reliable remedies.

I have been led,

FIRST,

To reject all preparations whose composition is not known—the whole tribe of nostrums.

SECOND,

To cultivate business relations directly with Physicians, who have a far deeper interest in my undertaking than the mere dealers in boots, dry goods, groceries, &c.

THIRD,

To spare no pains in acquiring a further knowledge of the *Drug Trade* in all its departments; to deal only with honorable and competent merchants and chemical manufacturers; to buy of first hands, effecting thereby a saving in cost and less liability to adulteration.

FOURTH,

To establish and gradually perfect a LABORATORY OF MY OWN, so that of the character and quality of all its products, I may be perfectly assured.

FIFTH,

To keep myself informed in respect to the Progress made in Practical Pharmacy and Chemistry, and be able to introduce to public attention, and furnish, all new and important remedies, as soon as noticed.

SIXTH,

The increase of business has rendered necessary a change to a larger and more varied stock, a closer personal attention, and a FURTHER REDUCTION IN PRICE.

W. H. WYATT.

Main St. Salisbury, N. C., Sept. 20.

sept 30. 43-3m

WANTED.

500 lbs. *Seneka Root, Dry.*

500 *lbs. Ginseng Root, Dry.*

THE highest cash price will be paid for them by W. H. WYATT, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, Salisbury, N. C.

sept 30. 43-tf

FALL AND WINTER TRADE!

I RESPECTFULLY CALL THE ATTENtion of the Citizens of Iredell and the Public generally, to my large and well selected STOCK of

DRY GOODS,

Embracing a large, varied and beautiful assortment of **Ladies Dress Goods,** which for elegance and cheapness is not surpassed by any in the market.

A large Stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING

for Gentlemen and Boy's—selected with great care from the largest and best Stocks in New York and Philadelphia.

An unusually large stock of Shoes and

Boots, Bonnets, HATS, CAPS, &c., &c.,

some of them entirely new styles, very pretty and remarkable cheap.

Hardware, Crockery,

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, and Dye-Stuffs

KEROSINE or Coal Oil for Lamps, makes a clear, bright light and is as cheap or cheaper than Adamantine Candles. SUGAR, COFFEE, SALT, MOLASSES, SYRUP—King's Mountain IRON, a large lot and well assorted; Sole Leather, &c.

My Stock this Fall is unusually large and will be sold on the most accommodating terms. ☞ Call and Examine.

Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods at market prices.

Oct, 21, 59-46tf T. H. McRORIE.

PLANTATIONS *For Sale!*

The subscriber offers for sale,

2 or 3

Valuable Plantations,

in Iredell county, upon easy terms. Persons wanting to buy Homes, would do well to call.

Statesville, Dec. 2. A. R. LAURENCE.

Notice.

THE Subscriber wishes to PURCHASE **15 or 20 Likely Young Negroes,** for which he will pay the highest cash prices. All communications addressed to me at Statesville, will receive prompt attention. Y. S. DEAN.

Sept. 16, '59 41-tf

WANTED.

10,000 BUSHELS GOOD WHITE WHEAT, for which the highest Cash price will be paid.

10,000 Bushels of Corn.

Apply to J. F. ALEXANDER & CO.

Nov 1, '59. 14-tf

LAND FOR SALE.

MY TRACT OF LAND, lying seven miles north of Statesville, North Carolina, and two miles from Ebenezer Academy

Containing 280 Acres,

is FOR SALE,—about one half of which is *cleared and in cultivation.* There are on the place a large **Dwelling House** and convenient out-houses, also a large ORCHARD of choice Fruit. Any person wishing to purchase will please apply to my Agent, R. H. HILL, who is authorized to act for me in the premises.

JOHN S. HALL.

Yalobusha Co., Miss. Sept 16'59 41-2m

LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.

BOONE'S

BOOT and SHOE

EMPORIUM.

Charlotte, N. C.,

WHERE large sales continue from day to day at a great sacrifice to the manufacturer.

A good double-soled nailed Brogan for	$1 25
The very best Brogans at	1 50
Single soled "	1 00

A GREAT SAVING

In Children's, Boys and Misses Shoes, is effected by the introduction of Copper Points for the protection of the toe, and the manufacturer warrants that one pair will last as long as three pair of the old style. To be had only at BOONE'S.

☞ LADIES will find it to their interest to call and examine my stock as it is far superior to any other offered in the State.

GENTS will find it to their comfort to call at BOONE'S and fit themselves with a Boot or Shoe on reasonable terms.

Boone has good Shoes, Boone has good Boots
Boone has cheap Brogans,
Boone has good Brogans.
Boone has Children's Shoes with metallic tips
Boone has boys and youths' Shoes, with metallic tips.
Boone has boys and youths' Boots, with metallic tips.
Boone has Gents' fine double-soled waterproof Boots, cheap.
Boone has Ladies' fine high-heeled Congress Gaiters, and a great many varieties too numerous to mention.

☞ Call and examine for yourselves.

October 7, '59. 44-tf

THIRD VOLUME OF THE *Iredell Express.*

THE "IREDELL EXPRESS" having been published two years, and entered upon a Third Volume, is now presented to the public by the Publishers, who indulge a hope for increased patronage over any former year. In mechanichal execution our sheet will bear a favorable comparison with any journal issued North or South; and it shall be our aim to render it a vehicle at all times well filled with useful and interesting Intelligence, of whatever is transpiring in our own country and other portions of the world.

There never was a period in our own country, when newspapers, should have been more universally circulated among the masses than the present era, and be that reads not of the passing events of the day, is an object of pity for his ignorance. Can such be classed among intelligent and, therefore useful, citizens! who have eyes but *read* not, and whose information, peahaps, can be little more than the instinct of dumb-animals.

If those who subscribe for and read Newspapers, and know their value and interest, would persuade their well-meaning but ignorant, neighbors, to follow their example—the scale of human intelligence would perceptibly increase among the people in a very short while, and society be cleansed of many of the gross immoralities which have their origin in benighted minds.

Choice selections of LITERATURE, calculated to improve the Mind and Heart, will regularly appear in our columns, in prose and poetry, from the pens of talented Authors—also short miscellaneous articles designed for the minds of Children, to beget in them a fondness for reading; and Excerpts of various kinds from a large number of exchanges.

CONGRESS being now in session—and perhaps it will be the most exciting and interesting session which has or will ever be held under the Government,—very full accounts of the proceedings of that body will be furnished each week.

In short whatever shall transpire in any part of our Country, exciting or calculated to interest the public mind, will be transferred to the columns of the "EXPRESS" with the shortest delay. In fine we shall endeavor to render our journal a reliable and interesting medium of intelligence.

Our own opinions will be offered, for what they might seem worth, upon the current events of the times, when it may appear to us proper; conceding to an intelligent public, a right to differ upon points, when our own views shall fail to be in unison with theirs, and without indulging personal hatred or unfriendly feeling. We will be ever ready to lend a heeding ear to both sides of any question, and receive the Truth from any source.

STATESVILLE MALE ACADEMY.

J. B. ANDREWS, PRIN.

THE next Session will commence on the 1st Wednesday of January, 1860.

For Terms, &c., address the Principal.

Statesville, N. C. dec 23, 59 3-tf

HIDE, OIL, AND LEATHER STORE.

D. KIRKPATRICK & SONS,
No. 31, S. Third street,
Between Market and Chestnut streets,
PHILADELPHIA,

HAVE FOR SALE

DRY & SALTED SPANISH HIDES,

Dry and Green Salted Patna Kips, Tanner's Oil, Tanners' and Carriers' Tools

At the Lowest Prices, and upon the best terms.

☞ All kinds of Leather in the rough wanted, for which the highest market price will be given in cash, or taken in exchange for hides. Leather stored free of charge and sold on commission. 18-1y

THE UNION,

ARCH STREET ABOVE THIRD.

Philadelphia.

UPTON S. NEWCOMER.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURchased the interest of his former partner (Evan Evans) in the above Hotel, would call the attention of the public to its convenience for those visiting Philadelphia, either for business or pleasure.

Its situation being but a few steps from the principal avenue of trade, offer inducements to those on business; while to those in search of pleasure, the constantly passing and repassing railway cars, and those in close proximity, afford a pleasant ride for the mere nominal sum of half-dime to all places of interest in or about the city. The Proprietor gives assurance that "The Union" shall be kept with such character as will meet public approbation, and would respectfully solicit North Carolina patronage.

☞ Terms $1.50 per day.

UPTON S. NEWCOMER, Prop'r.

August 19, 1859. 1y-37

THE
Iredell Express
JOB OFFICE
Is the place to get all kinds of Printing done neatly, cheaply, AND JUST WHEN YOU WANT IT.
BLANKS
Of every description kept always on hand, or printed to order.

PROTECTION! PROTECTION!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN appointed Agent for the

Atlantic Mutual Fire and Marine

INSURANCE COMPANY,

At Carolina City,

will receive applications for Insurance and make surveys, in accordance with the terms of said company. Risks taken upon the Mutual or Special principle, at the option of the insured. E. B. DRAKE, Agent.

Statesville, July 29, 1859. 34

ALWAYS ON HAND,

To Sell or Buy!!

Bacon, Lard, Butter, Corn Meal

FLOUR, Oats, Peas, Eggs, Wheat, Rags, &c. Also,

Brooms, Buckets,

Tubs, Soda, Pepper, Spice, Rice and Ginger; *ALMONDS, CANDY, RAISINS,*

Mackerel, Mullets, Salmon,

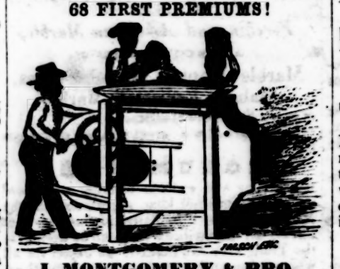
Powder, Shot, Lead, Caps, Bed-Cords, Plow-Lines, Shoe Blacking, Pins, Alum, Salt-Petre, &c., for sale cheap.

☞ *TERMS—CASH OR PRODUCE.*

J. F. MOOSE.

Salisbury, June 24, c859. 6m

5 SILVER MEDALS, 3 DIPLOMAS, 68 FIRST PREMIUMS!



J. MONTGOMERY & BRO.,

155 *North High Street,*

Baltimore, Md.

Inventors and Manufacturers of their

DOUBLE SCREENED

ROCKAWAY GRAIN FAN,

CELEBRATED

For their Efficiency, Durability, and Ease in Working.

WE WOULD STATE FOR THE INformation of Farmers and the trade, that our Fan is of the largest size—with six large sieves and screens, made of the best bright wire, on good strong frames. It is made especially for the Southern market, where all implements ought to be of the best and strongest make. We do not hesitate for a moment to say, that our Fan (considering the make, the number and quality of sieves, and the amount and quality of work it will do in a given time) is from $10 to $15 cheaper than any in the market. Our Fan is so universally known that it is unnecessary for us to say more than it has not been beaten in a trial any time during the last eight years, and cannot be beat.

As the present wheat crop is unusuallly full of

COCKLE, AND CHEAT, AND SMUT,

every farmer ought to order one of our Double Screened Rockaway Fans at once, as it is the only Fan in the market that will clean these impurities from the wheat.

The price of our Fans in Baltimore, is $34. Orders addressed to us will receive prompt attention. A liberal discount to the trade.

We respectfully refer to S. Sands, Esq., ex-Editor "American Farmer," Baltimore, as to the character of our Fan.

J. MONTGOMERY & BRO.,
Baltimore, Md.

E. B. DRAKE & SON, Agents,
STATESVILLE, N. C.

We will order these Fans to be delivered at any point on the N. C. Railroad, from Raleigh to Charlotte, Newbern, Fayetteville, &c. Time will be allowed, if required.

July 1, 1859-6m E. B. D. & S.

NEW MARBLE YARD.

H. C. MALCOLM,

PRACTICAL MARBLE CUTTER,

Salisbury, N. C.,

Respectfully informs the Public that he has opened a

MARBLE YARD,

Opposite the Mansion Hotel,

Where he is prepared to fill all Orders with dispatch for *Monuments, Head-Stones, Table Tops,* and all kind of Work in the Marble Line, of either

IMPORTED

ITALIAN

OR

AMERICAN MARBLE.

Having made arrangements by which he can procure the IMPORTED ITALIAN MARBLE at reduced prices, he can fill all Orders for Monuments, &c., at reasonable rates.

He would be happy to have all who are desirous of dealing in his line to call and see specimens of Marble, hear prices, and judge for themselves.

Having had an experience of 25 years in the business, he will give his personal attention to putting up Monuments, &c.

Nov. 5, 1858. 49tf

VALUABLE IMPROVED LAND FOR SALE.

A TRACT OF LAND in the lower part of Caldwell County, some three and a half miles from the TOLL BRIDGE across the Catawba River, near the Horse Ford and about one mile from the Devil Shoals on said River, near which the Western North Carolina Railroad is located. The tract contains

ONE THOUSAND ACRES,

and is Improved with a

Large Framed Dwelling

and many OUT HOUSES, ORCHARDS, &c. It is situated on Gun-Powder Creek, and is rendered very valuable by its magnificent

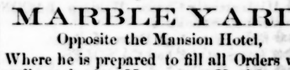
WATER POWER.

It was formerly known as "BAIRD'S IRON WORKS."

The property will be sold on the most accommodating terms. Enquire of

E. B. DRAKE & SON,
Statesville, N. C.

Sept. 16, 1859.—41.2m



FIRE INSURANCE.

The Subscriber having been appointed Agent of the

CHARLOTTE MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY Of Charlotte,

Will receive and forward Applications for **Insurance against Loss and Damage by Fire,** on the principles of the Company.

The Company is doing a prosperous business. No call has ever yet been made for an instalment on a premium note.

E. B. DRAKE,
11-tf Agent.

WILSON & NEWHARD,

HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM the Northern cities, with his Fall stock of

Watches, Jewelry,

Silver-Ware, Fine Table Cutlery, &c.,

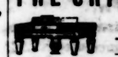
Respectfully invites his customers, and the public generally, to please call and carefully examine his stock at his store, next door to Bell, Rickert & Co.

REPAIRING OF WATCHES & CLOCKS, and JOBBING of all kinds, strictly attended to by the very best of Watch-Makers; and all work WARRANTED for 12 months.

W. R. WILSON. A. R. NEWHARD.

Statesville, Oct. 7 1859. 44-3m

THE CHICKERING & SON'S



34

PRIZE

MEDAL PIANOS.

THE Subscriber, Agent for the sale of the above named justly celebrated Pianos, informs the Public respectfully, that he guarantees every instrument. Persons wishing to purchase the PIANO, by addressing him, will be sent a pamphlet, with 14 different styles, and prices marked.

PIANOS TUNED AND REPAIRED.

Address,

T. A. E. BOHNSTEDT,
Nov. 3, '58. Wilmington, N. C.

P. S.—To Mr. B. was the only and first premium for his Pianos at the N. C. State Fair awarded. 50-1y

SIMONTON HOUSE.

THE Subscribers having become lessees of this spacious new Hotel, located near the Public Square and Court House, in Statesville, respectfully announce that they are prepared to accommodate the traveling public and all who may favor them with patronage, with entertainment equal to any first-class Hotel in the Union.

Mrs. M. A. WREN & SON.

July 3. 31-tf

SANFORD'S

LIVER INVIGORATOR,

NEVER DEBILITATES.

It is compounded entirely from Gums, and has become an established fact, a Standard Medicine, known and approved by all that have used it, and is now resorted to with confidence in all the diseases for which it is recommended.

It has cured thousands who had given up all hopes within the last two years of relief, as the numerous unsolicited certificates in my possession show.

The dose must be adapted to the temperament of the individual taking it, and usually in such quantities as to act gently on the Bowels.

Let the dictates of your judgment guide you in the use of the **LIVER INVIGORATOR,** and it will cure **Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, Summer Complaints, Dropsy, Sour Stomach, Habitual Costiveness, Cholera Morbus, Cholic, Cholera Infantum, Flatulence, Jaundice, Female Weakness, Colic, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins,** and may be used successfully as an **Ordinary Family Medicine. It will cure SICK HEADACHE,** (as thousands can testify,) in **twenty minutes,** if **two or three Teaspoonfuls are taken** on the commencement of attack. **All who use it are giving their testimony** in its favor.

LIVER INVIGORATOR

MIX WATER IN THE MOUTH WITH THE INVIGORATOR, AND SWALLOW BOTH TOGETHER.

Price One Dollar per Bottle.

—ALSO.—

SANFORD'S FAMILY

CATHARTIC PILLS,

COMPOUNDED FROM

Pure Vegetable Extracts, and put up in GLASS CASES, Air Tight, and will keep in any climate.

The **Family Cathartic Pill** is the best, but active Cathartic used in his practice more than twenty years. The constantly increasing demand from those who have used the PILLS, and the satisfaction which all express in regard to their use, has induced me to place them within the reach of all.

The Profession well know that different Cathartics act on different portions of the bowels.

The **FAMILY CATHARTIC PILL** has, with one reference to all, one reference to been compounded from a this well established fact, table Extracts, which act variety of the purest Vegealimentary canal, and are ble Extracts, which act as where a Cathartic is alike on every part of the required, such as the arrangements of the good and safe in all cases Stomach, Sleepi-ness, Pains in the Back and Loins, Costiveness, Pain in and Dizziness, arising the whole body, from sudden cold, which frequently, if neglected, end in a long course of Fe-ver, Loss of Appe-tite, a Creeping Sen-sation of Cold all over the body, Restless-ness, Headache, or weight in the head, all Inflammatory Diseases, Worms in Children or Adults, Rheumatism, a great Purifier of the Blood and many diseases to which flesh is heir, too numerous to mention in this advertisement. Does, 1 to 2.

PRICE 30 CENTS.

The Liver Invigorator and Family Cathartic Pills are retailed by Druggists generally, and sold wholesale by the Trade in all the large towns.

S. T. W. SANFORD, M. D.,
Manufacturer and Proprietor,
335 Broadway, New York.

S. J. RICKERT.

Statesville, July 1, 1859. 11

RAILROAD NOTICE!

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

NEW, CHEAP AND EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE

FOR FREIGHT

For the Interior of North Carolina.

MERCHANTS and others about purchasing their Fall and Winter Supplies, are requested to notice, that by the completion of the Northeastern Railroad from Charleston, S. C., to Cheraw, the advantages of a

Cheap and Expeditious Route

from the Seaboard has been opened to them.

All freight consigned to the care of the Agent of the North-Eastern Railroad will be forwarded *Free of Commission.*

No charge will be made for Storage at Cheraw. All goods will be taken care of in the Company's Warehouse, until sent for.

A schedule of charges for transportation of freight will be found at the Post Office.

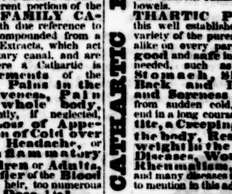
S. S. SOLOMONS,
37-tf *Engineer & Superintendent.*

S. T. WRISTON,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND AT wholesale and retail, a full and complete assortment of

Plain and Japanned

TIN WARE!



which will be sold low. Merchants and others from the country will do well to give him a call before they buy elsewhere.

I have, also,

COUNTER SCALES AND WEIGHTS,

ENAMELED SAUCE JARS,

WAFFLE IRONS, Etc. Etc.

Together with STONE & CO.'S SCREW TOP GLASS

PRESERVING JARS,

for the safe-keeping of fruits and vegetables. I also keep a full supply of

Superior Cooking Stoves,

and Stoves of other kinds, which will be sold on accommodating terms.

Charlotte, N. C., June 17, 1859-6m

LIME! LIME!

I HAVE at my Tan-Yard a quantity of **Superior Lime** for sale by the barrel or bushel. R. F. SIMONTON.

Hides! Hides! Hides!

5,000 GREEN and DRY HIDES wanted by

42 3m SPRAGUE BRO'S.

SHERIFF'S DEEDS, For sale at this Office.

DRUGS! DRUGS!

To the Physicians, Farmers, and Mechanics of Western North Carolina.

E. NYE HUTCHISON & Co.

Irwin's Corner,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.,

Offer a very large and varied Stock of

Drugs, Medicines, &c.

OILS, &c.

Pure Sperm, Whale, Sea Elephant, Lamp, Lard, and Machinery.

TANNERS' OIL, from 65 cts. to $1.15 per gallon, warranted pure.

LINSEED OIL, at Manufacturers price.

BURNING FLUID, TURPENTINE, and ALCOHOL, 95 cts. per gallon by the Bbl.—very low.

VARNISHES, Coach, Im. English Finishing, Furniture, Copal, (extra No. 1 and No. 2,) Leather, Picture, Damar, and Grecian.

JAPANS, Black and Brown.

PAINTS, &c.

PURE WHITE LEAD IN OIL, by the lb. or ton, from 8¼ to 12½ cts. per lb.

SNOW-WHITE ZINK, CHROME GREEN, CHROME YELLOW, PARIS GREEN, BURNT and RAW UMBER, &c., &c.

A large assortment of

PAINT BRUSHES.

French and American

WINDOW GLASS,

From 8X10 to 30X44.

PUTTY,

Ready for use in Cans and Bladders.

French, English, and German

PERFUMERY.

TOILETTE COMBS AND BRUSHES.

GENUINE COLOGNE.

Churchill's Preparation of the Hypophosphites, for the CURE of CONSUMPTION.

Medical Cases and Surgical Instruments.

Sole Wholesale Agents of **Holloway's Pills** and **Ointment** in Western N. Carolina.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVES, by the dozen or gross.

FRESH CONGRESS WATERS, by the case.

SNUFF—different kinds—by the jar, bladder, or barrel.

CIGARS, by the 1,000.

GARDEN SEEDS,

Just received, from **Landreth & Son,** of PHILADELPHIA, and from **Thorburn,** of NEW YORK.

GRASS SEEDS, last crop;

RED and WHITE CLOVER, ORCHARD, HERD'S, LUCERNE, & BLUE GRASS.

List of Prices, when desired, sent by mail. Orders respectfully solicited.

E. NYE HUTCHISON & CO.
Charlotte, N. Carolina.

Jan. 21, 1859.—7-1y

HENDERSON & ENNISS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

DRUGS

MEDICINES,

And Chemicals,

Paints, Colors, Varnishes, Brushes, Window Glass, Putty, Dye Stuffs, &c.,

Linseed, Lamp, and Machinery Oil, Kerosene Oil and Burning Fluid, Lamps of every description, Perfumery and Toilet Articles,

GARDEN SEEDS,

CLOVER AND GRASS SEEDS,

PURE WINES AND LIQUORS, for Medicinal Purposes,

FINE SEGARS, TOBACCO, &c., &c.,

SALISBURY, N. C.

7-1y

PHYSICIANS

Will find a select Stock of

Pure Chemicals,

EXTRACTS,

PHARMACEUTICAL

Preparations,

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS,

&c., &c.,

Great care is exercised in the preparation of SYRUPS, TINCTURES, FLUID EXTRACTS, and OINTMENTS, all being made strictly in accordance with the U. S. PHARMACOPÆIA, and conformably with recent improvements in PHARMACY,

AT

HENDERSON & ENNIS'S

DRUG STORE,

SALISBURY, N. C.

7-1y

Sugar Cane Crushers.

WE are manufacturing, upon the best model, a superior article of **Sugar Cane Crushers,** which have sufficient capacity, with one good horse, to extract 50 gallons of juice per hour, and it only occupies a space of about 5 feet, so that the mill is very portable. We do not hesitate to say, that our Cane Crushers are the best that have ever been introduced into the State, and every farmer growing cane should possess one.

Terms reasonable, to suit the times.

All orders for work, or letters on business, addressed to S. Dixon, Davidson & Co., Snow Camp, Alamance County, N. C., will receive prompt attention.

SOLOMON DIXON,
CALEB DIXON,
BERRY DAVIDSON,
P. S. BENBOW,
Proprietors.

☞ E. B. DRAKE & SON,
Agents, Statesville, N. C.

Cumberland County Fair.

Held the 3d, 4th, and 5th November, 1858.

Report of Committee on Steam, Horse, and Hand Power Machinery:

One Sugar Cane Crusher is exhibited by Perry Davidson, and manufactured by S. Dixon, Davidson & Co. This is a first-rate article well gotten up, and well made. In the opinion of the Committee it is better adapted to ordinary farm use than any thing they have seen. 39tf.

Simonton Tannery.

I HAVE NOW READY FOR FALL and WINTER trade **3000 lbs Sole Leather,** some of which has been in tan 3½ years and suitable for water-proof Boots and Shoes; also, a large lot of **Harness & Upper Leather, Rip & Calf Skins,** which I will sell on reasonable terms for Cash or barter for Hides and Bark.

I wish to purchase 20,000 lb good Hides, for which I will pay the very highest Cash price.

If you wish to buy Leather or Lime, or sell Hides or Bark, Call at the Rail Road Office or at any of the Stores in Statesville.

R. F. SIMONTON.

January 1, 1859. 1y

NEW GROCERY AND *Dry Goods Store*

NOTICE

To Close Cash Buyers!!

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST OPENed in the building on Main Street, formerly occupied by W. J. Mills & Co., with an

ENTIRE NEW & EXTENSIVE STOCK

OF

GROCERIES

HARDWARE,

DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES,

HATS, TRUNKS,

HARDWARE, NOTIONS,

&c., &c.,

To which he invites the attention of the public generally. His Stock consists of every article usually kept in a

GENERAL STORE.

Having purchased largely, he is determined to sell at prices which will command attention in the

CHEAPEST MARKETS.

His business will be conducted strictly on the

CASH OR READY PAY SYSTEM,

by which no bad debts are made, and he can therefore afford to sell

LOWER THAN THE LOWEST.

A call is earnestly solicited before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *NO TROUBLE* ☜

TO SHOW GOODS.

S. FRANKFORD.

☞ All kinds of **Country Produce** bought, or taken in exchange for Goods, at

Cash Prices.

Salisbury, July 8, 1859. 31-tf

THOMAS MACKENZIE, GEO. M. MACKENZIE, } *Established* IN 1825. { COSMO T. MACKENZIE, COLIN R. MACKENZIE.

THOMAS MACKENZIE & SONS,

Importers & Wholesale Dealers in

COACH TRIMMINGS

AND

SADDLERY HARDWARE, TRUNK, AND HARNESS TRIMMINGS,

No. 222 Baltimore-St., near Charles, North Side,

BALTIMORE, MD.

OUR FRIENDS WILL FIND IN OUR STORE ONE OF the best, largest, newest and cheapest stocks of Carriage Trimmings, Harness Trimmings, and Saddlery Hardware, of any importing house in the United States. We are constantly getting up

"SOMETHING NEW,"

and replenishing our stock by frequent arrivals from Europe, to which market, one of our firm pays frequent visits on business for the house. In connection with our Saddlery Store is a Plating Establishment, which every day turns out some of the best Plated Silver and Brass Work in the country.

To cash buyers and prompt paying customers, we offer great inducements. We invite all classes of dealers visiting Baltimore to inspect our stock. A regular weekly line of steamers runs between Baltimore, Savannah and Charleston.

All customers and all orders coming to our store, are attended to by one of our firm in person, all of whom are practical business men.

We name the following as partial description of our stock:

Hog Skins, Saddle Trees, Blankets, Tufts, Hames, Stirrups, Tacks, Web, Rings, Buckles, Tools, Ornaments, Saddle Cloths, Buggy Umbrellas, Castings, Springs, Axles, Turned Collars, Bands, Laces, Patent Leather, Patent Jacks, Patent Canvass, Bent Fellows, Shafts, Buggy Bars and Bows, Knobs, Axle Clips, Screws, Turned Bolts, Spring Boxes, Files, Hinges, Door Leads, Cloths, Damask Fringes, Alpacas, Cotalines, Carpet, Tassels, Glass Frames, Handles, Stump Joints, Hubs, Spokes, Varnish, Dash Frames, Mowing Wrenches, Rope and Rivets, Shaft Sockets, Pole Yokes, Sun Silks, Plush, Turned Swingle Trees, 5th Wheels, Shoe Threads, Oil Carpets, Saddlers' Silk and Threads, Moss Deer's Hair, Glue, Curled Hair, English and French Heads and Reins, Horse Blankets, Kerseys, Sand Paper, Halter Breeching, Tug and Trace Chains, Shaft Couplings, Buggy Sticks, Snaffles, Mullins and Curb Bits, Trunk Rivets Clou Nails, Wrought and Malleable Pad Plates, Ivory Head Nail and Knobs, Smith's Case-Hardened Axles, Wagon and Buggy Whips, Carved Carriage Parts and Seats, Four Qualities of French Varnish, Mackenzie' Pat. 5th Wheel, &c.

Also, Pope's Self Adjusting Pads, Spencer's Patent Gig Trees, Victoria Trees, Taylor and Deitzes' Patent Hames, North's Jenny Lind Trees, and Agents for Holley's Patent Iron Hubs and Axles combined; Smith's Fly Nets, &c. "Mackenzie's Patent Gig Trees," and all other new Patents out.

☞ Goods not in our line of any kind, will be purchased to fill orders for our customers for Cash with a charge of 5 per cent. commission.

N. B. Our Springs are all made of English Steel. Our Silver American HAMES are of our own make and plate.

Hoping to hear from you shortly, we remain your friends,

THOMAS MACKENZIE & SONS,
No. 222 Baltimore-St., near Charles, Baltimore, Md.

TERMS: Heavy Leather, 4 months, 4 per cent. off cash. Hardward, 6 months, 5 per cent. off cash. Settlement by note or draft. [August 4, 1859. 1y

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, *Philadelphia.* A Benevolent Institution established by Special Endowment for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases.

The HOWARD ASSOCIATION, in view of the awful destruction of human life caused by Sexual diseases, and the deceptions practiced upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by Quacks, several years ago directed their Consulting Surgeon, as a *charitable act* worthy of their name, to open a Dispensary for the treatment of this class of diseases, in all their forms, and to give *Medical Advice Gratis* to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.) and in case of extreme poverty, to *Furnish Medicines Free of Charge.*—It is needless to add that the Association commands the highest Medical skill of the age, and will furnish the most approved modern treatment.

The Directors of the Association, in their Annual Report upon the treatment of Sexual Diseases, express the highest satisfaction with the success which has attended the labors of their Surgeons in the cure of Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Weakness, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Syphilis, the vice of Onanism or Self-Abuse, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, &c., and order a continuance of the same plan for the ensuing year.

The Directors, on a review of the past, feel assured that their labors in this sphere of benevolent effort have been of great benefit to the afflicted, especially to the young, and they have resolved to devote themselves with renewed zeal, to this very important and much despised cause.

An admirable Report on Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, the vice of Onanism, Masturbation, or Self-Abuse, and other diseases of the Sexual organs, by the Consulting Surgeon, will be be sent by mail (in a sealed envelope), *Free of Charge,* on receipt of *Two Stamps* for postage. Other Reports and Tracts on the nature and treatment of Sexual diseases, diet, &c., are constantly being published for gratuitous distribution, and will be sent to the afflicted Sense of the new remedies and methods of treatment discovered during the last year, are of great value.

Address, for Report or treatment, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

By Order of the Directors,

EZRA D. HEARTWELL, *President.*
GEO. FAIRCHILD, *Secretary.* 45

MANSION HOTEL,

Salisbury, N. C.

THE Subscriber takes pleasure in announcing to his friends, and the public generally, that he has taken this long-established and well-known Hotel, and has made every possible preparation to accommodate the business, traveling and visiting portions of the public, in the most satisfactory manner.

Particular attention is paid to his

TABLE,

and every comfort is provided in

HIS ROOMS.

His **Stables** are abundantly supplied, and attended by a careful Ostler; and to all departments the proprietor gives his personal attention.

A comfortable **Omnibus** runs regularly to the Depot on the arrival of the cars.

With these efforts to please, a liberal share of the public patronage is confidently solicited.

WM. ROWZEE.
May 29, 1858. 26-tf

CALENDAR FOR 1860.

January.

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31	—	—	—	—

February.

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
—	—	—	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	—	—	—

March.

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
—	—	—	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	—

April.

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	—	—	—	—	—

May.

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
—	—	1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31	—	—

June.

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
—	—	—	—	—	1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

July.

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31	—	—	—	—

August.

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
—	—	—	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	—

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

EASTERN MAIL—
Ar